The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

GENERAL REVIEW OF MAJOR AND MINOR EVENTS.

Experiences of the Rank and File—Anecdotes and Observations.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

The last Sunday at home, was the saddest the beautiful little valley had ever seen, or ever will see again, passed rapidly enough; we marched to the Union Sunday School at Rebersburg in a body; to many it was the last day at Sunday School for all time. There was no lesson; it was a meeting given to addresses, exhortations, prayers and tears.

At the conclusion, the superintendent, in behalf of the school, presented each soldier with a testament, and requested the boys to form in single file outside, stating that it was the desire of all present to give a formal good bye as a school to their soldier boys; this was done, and the entire school, men women and children, passed along the line in single file and gave a parting hand-shake, and expressing many a hope that we all knew could never be expected or realized; with many it was the last adieu for ever; all were deeply moved and not one of all present would ever forget that day at Sunday School. The company never forgot, and now and then, on a Sunday in camp at the hour the Sunday Schools at home were in session we took up collections and sent the proceeds home to help maintain and build up the libraries.

A large proportion of the people of the valley spent that Sunday in the village to mingle to the last moment with their own soldier boys, the chosen manhood of the valley, who were so soon to go forth to meet, in mortal combat, the bravest enemy in the greatest and most sanguinary war the world had ever known.

On Monday we arranged our worldly affairs at home; we fully understood what it meant to go to war at this time; we knew it meant death to swept over the country. Meetings were held in all parts of the county, and the young and stalwart sons of the eastern end came forward with such alacrity that in three days a company of near one hundred men was raised in Miles township, with a contingent of twenty-five men from Millheim, Penn township, and afterwards known as Co. A, of the 148th Pennsylvania Volunteers. Other parts of the county were equally active and in a short time seven new companies were raised in the county, which with three companies from outside constituted the full number in the regiment, sometimes known as the Centre County Regiment; officially, as the 148th Pennsylvania Volunteers.

This company, which the writer helped to recruit, and joined himself, was mustered, and sworn into the service of the U. S., in the village street of Rebersburg, by Lieut. Fetterman, of the regular army, and who, by the way, was badly in liquor at the time. This company of one hundred young men and boys, the average age of whom was twenty-two years, now stood in a single line, in front of the village hotel, which was headquarters; a deep silence settled over the vast crowd, as well as over the enlisted boys, who were in a few minutes more to pass from the state of personal liberty to bondage; bound by oath, to the service of their country, "against all enemies, within or without," come weal or woe, life or death.

There, in a long line, stretching way down the street, stood the hundred, peculiarly brought together, all old time friends, acquaintances and schoolmates from childhood, nearly all relatives, and not a stranger in all that hundred, with bared heads, and upraised right hands, listened to the oath promulgated by the mustering in officer, and which ended with the words, "for three years, or during the war." He then passed along the front, and received from every man a nod of assent; then stepping to the front and center of the line, he shouted; You are now soldiers of the United States Government, and you will, every one of you, report at Lewistown on Thursday morning, or you will be regarded as deserters, and I will come and get and woe? The husband, father and support gone, or husband and son from other homes, or two or three sons gone and with them hope, consolation and support.

Baby Saul came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Saul west of town.

Sheriff Brungart was a brief caller Friday evening of last week. The Sheriff will act as deputy to Sheriff-elect Taylor, and it is acknowledged by all that the appointment is satisfactory.

SAM, FROM SPRING MILLS.

The Gentleman is Interviewed by John and Bill.

John: This is Sam, from Spring Mills.

Bill: Glad to meet you, Sam; always have a warm side for any person from Spring Mills; it's a good town, inhabited with generous, kind-hearted, business-like people.

John: Some of the old names associated with the business circle of Spring Mills twenty years and more ago have disappeared.

Sam: Yes, but there is young blood flowing swiftly through the business arteries of the town, which fully fills up the gap so far as business energy is concerned. The names of Allison, Long, Shook, Pealer, Crape are retained, and many new men of business ability have developed.

Bill: It is a very fortunate condition of affairs when the younger generation can add new enterprises to a community.

John: You have some good stores in your town.

Sam: Yes, "each is better than the rest," and the men who conduct them are reliable. There is C. P. Long, H. F. Rossman, C. J. Finkle and O. T. Corman each has a well-stocked, well-kept store. Then there is C. A. Krape, who devotes his business entirely to foot wear; and John Smith & Brother who supply you with furniture while living and a six-foot house to rest in when you are dead.

Bill: The high standard of the medical profession won for your town by the late Dr. Frank P. Van Valzah does not over shadow that of your Dr. H. S. Braucht, and what is more it is gratifying to a non-resident that you people appreciate his worth.

Sam: You anticipated my thought. Dr. P. W. Leitzell is meeting with good success, the adjective might be used in the superlative degree.

John: There are other—

Sam: Enterprises? Yes. The Spring Mills Creamery Company is one of them. Their product is eagerly sought; orders are turned down.—The building operations of C. P. Long are no small item. Mr. Long, during the past few years, has erected some very pretty homes, which are either sold or rented. His planing mill and lumber operations also enter into the first column of business enterprise.

Bill: How about the Shooks?

Sam: Oh! it's cows, chickens and hogs with them now, as before. It is surprising what can be done in their line when stock and fowls are given special attention.

John: Sam, have you been shivering on account of want of coal?

Sam: Not much. The dealer, Hon. W. M. Allison, who supplies this community is alive. Outside of the rise in the price of the black-diamond we have never experienced any inconvenience on account of the coal strike. Mr. Allison is never spoken of—(it would be a reflection on the good citizenship of the person who did it)—except in a complimentary way, whether in business, as a citizen, or politic—

Bill: No politics, Sam. But we all agree that the prefix Honorable to Mr. Allison's name is earned, and need not be spoken in undertones in the light of history made by the Legislature of which he was a member.

John: Of course, no politics. But how about the bridge across Sinking creek?

Sam: The bridge! "It's out of sight."

Bill: Apparently so, and there is no real excuse for such performance by the state authorities. Of course, the state could not construct a bridge in the twinkle of an eye, but such delay as you people have had to endure is without reason. There is too much politics, by the way, in this building of bridges by the state. Then the extravagant prices paid—

Sam: It is astonishing! It appears that the county had contracted with the Penn Bridge Company to build the bridge for $1400.00; along comes the state officials, make a survey, and for a bridge of the same dimensions pay the Penn Bridge Company over $6,500!

Bill: "Rake off at both ends and in the middle" is the way it was put to me.

John: And there is no politics in your talk, is there?

Bill: No.

Sam: There is no secret about the figures. Ask the county commissioners about it. And that is not all, we are without a bridge; but the camel's back is broken; our patience is exhausted.

John: What are you going to do about it?

Sam: Some one must build a temporary structure across Sinking creek; that's all there is of it; we must have it, we will have it.

Bill: How far is Penn Hall from Spring Mills, Sam?

Sam: It is always called a mile to where those clever young Fishers—Charles W. and Frank M.—do business

Bill: They have inherited much of the lamented Major Fisher's business tact and—

Sam: They are the sons of their father, sure. They stand for honesty; they are progressive.

Bill: Add that they are quite congenial companions, and that there is no air of superciliousness about them.

John: About twenty-five years ago there was a turn table constructed at Spring Mills that the people along the surveyed route of the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad wished was in hades.

Sam: Yes, that turn table announced very emphatically that the road would have its terminus at Spring Mills for some time. Things have changed now, and when Station Agent W. S. Musser drops his sign board the train speeds on to Bellefonte.

John: The travelers don't all go

Continued at foot of next column.

Will Bore for Oil; $10,000 to be Spent

In Searching for the Earth's Treasures. W. B. Mingle, Esq., Leasing Extensive Territory for Foreign Capitalists.

Every one familiar with the history of Penns Valley, know that a great many people during the past have in a small way prospected for coal. These people generally continue to search for the hidden riches until their surplus money is exhausted, and then are called "cranks" for having made the effort. Any one who has taken the trouble to discuss the matter with the people at large, will be surprised to find how many people have the same opinion in regard to the deposit of minerals at different places as these same "cranks" but are not disposed to risk the money necessary to prospect. Another feature is, that all the efforts made to find these riches are abandoned for the want of funds long before success could reasonably be expected. Now, as to whether or not there is anything under the ground in this valley that is valuable is a question, but, whilst it is not very probable, it is at least possible, and the only way to find out is to make a thorough trial.

It costs from $2000.00 to $5000.00 to sink a shaft to the depth of three thousand feet, the depth prospectors for oil consider necessary to go to fully satisfy themselves. This is more money than the most sanguine would be justifiable in spending, but the people who make a business of finding and developing new oil fields are constantly prospecting and can afford to do it, because when they fail at one place they may make a "strike" at another.

W. B. Mingle, Esq., happened to make the acquaintance of the representative of one of such companies and has been in correspondence with them for some time, with the result that they have promised to furnish at least ten thousand dollars to sink no less than three different shafts in different parts of the valley, upon condition that Mr. Mingle will secure the lease of the land, they as a matter of course, wanting to be protected in case they find any oil or mineral.

The lease is a very liberal and plain one. If oil is found they agree to pay one eighth of the product as royalty, and to either test and operate the wells in two years or abandon the lease. The lease bears the written opinion of one of the best law firms in the county saying that it is perfectly straight and fair, with no legal catches.

Now it is up to the land owners of Penns Valley whether they want these tests made without any expense or trouble on their part or not. If the company find oil on the premises leased the income of the lease will make the owner of the land independent with riches; if not, he is just where he now is, with this exception, that he need no longer wonder whether he has a mint under his farm or not. As Mr. Mingle says, the only party who runs any risk is himself and he is willing to go to the trouble of getting the leases, and if these people then fail to put up the money as they agree to, he alone will be the loser. The company is composed of responsible men and they declare they will comply with their part of the contract, and their is no reason to doubt their word.

The Reporter would be highly gratified if this enterprise could be carried through, as outside of the great benefit of opening a paying oil or gas well or mine, it will be a great benefit to have outside capitalists spend the money it costs to prospect. Assuming that nothing of value is found anywhere in Penns Valley after a thorough search has been made, the expenditure of $10,000.00 in the valley for such a purpose will prove beneficial to every one who has labor or products to sell.

GOVERNOR AT STATE COLLEGE.

College Cadets Inspected by Pennsylvania's Chief Magistrate.

Tuesday was Governor's Day at Pennsylvania State College, the occasion being the inspection of the College cadets.

In the Governor's party were the following gentlemen: Deputy Secretary Lewis E. Beitler, Hon. Henry M. Walton, of Philadelphia, next Speaker of the House of Representives; Jos. M. Ives, Harry Wittig and Byron Wrigley, of Philadelphia; Thomas Hugo, Butler; Congressman-elect S. R. Dresser, of Bradford; Senator-elect A. E. Patton, of Curwensville; Col. W. Fred Reynolds, of the Governor's staff; Col. W. F. Richardson, superintendent of the State Arsenal at Harrisburg; Jesse K. Cope, of the Dairy and Food Commission, Harrisburg; S. B. Sheller, Duncannon; Senator E. W. Herbst, Oley; Robert L. Meyers, Camp Hill; Richard Davis, Evenson; J. F. Moyer, Catasauqua; Thomas R. Houck, New Bloomfield; John C. Taylor and J. C. Stineman, Huntingdon; J. Lee Plummer, Holidaysburg; A. L. Michley; Representatives J. Will Kepler and Henry Wetzel.

Among the Bellefonters who accompanied the party to State College were Gen. James A. Beaver, Joseph L. Montgomery, John M. Dale, Senator W. C. Heinle and George R. Meek.

Will Report Boards.

Superintendent of schools Gramley, is making an extra effort to enforce the compulsery school law, and has openly stated that he will report all school boards that do not fulfill the requirements of the law. The superintendent should be supported in this movement. There are many school boards that are lax in their regulations on this subject. The penalty for the non-inforcement of this law is severe, being the forfeiture of the State appropriation. Enforce the law.

Will Operate Today.

Mrs. E. W. Crawford, who with her little son is in Baltimore, wrote to her husband in this place, that the surgeon had decided to perform an operation on the throat of the boy today (Thursday.) The physicians say there are very good prospects of performing a successful operation.

Continued from second column.

by your town.

Sam: Oh, no; especially traveling salesmen. They do like to sit up to the well-spread table of Landlord George C. King.

Bill: A good hotel, managed by a decent landlord is a great benefit to a town. It continually invites the public to stop within its limits; and you know the story goes that the "traveler is weary and hungry," and seeks a lodging place where everything is correct.

Sam: And such a place is the Spring Mills Hotel.

STATE GRANGE.

Hill Re-Elected—The Legislative Committee Report.

Master W. F. Hill was re-elected at a meeting of the State Grange in Clearfield last week.

The legislative committee reported to the main body through Chairman W. T. Creasy, of Columbia county.

It favors the adoption of the Australian ballot system in Pennsylvania, with some modifications prepared by Creasy, which provide for the printing of the ballots by the several counties, but allowing any qualified elector to secure a ballot for his own use, which he can prepare and take to the polling house, place in the official envelope provided and deposit in the box.

No elector can have any assistance in the booth or in any way be influenced about the polls. There would be no circle and all names would be grouped. The same law would extend to all primary elections. Personal registration in cities is favored.

The ship subsidy bill and trusts were opposed vigorously.

Aside from the ballot law changes the question of taxation received the most attention from the committee. The present system of taxation was more or less criticised on the ground of irregularities that make the farmer pay more taxes than any other class. To relieve the burden of local road taxes and additional mill of State tax on corporations was advocated. This would raise about $2,000,000 annually. The disbursement to be after the manner of the public school appropriation, pro rata with the number of miles of road in each township.

There are now 482 Granges with a membership of 19,948,537 adults and 139 minors were initiated, 94 members re-instated. For the year 2,535 members were initiated, 652 re-instated, 539 charter members of new and re-organized Granges, making a gain for the year of 1657 members; 18 new Granges were organized. The receipts for fees and dues exceed those of any previous year for 8 years past.

Keith's Bijou.

The attraction this week at Keith's Bijou Theatre, Philadelphia, will be "The Lost Paradise," a drama in three acts, adapted from the German of Ludwig Fulda, by H. C. DeMille. It is a play whose intense scenes have provoked hitherto the most enthusiastic demonstrations of approval; certainly no play of the last decade has possessed more powerful situations. There are lines and incidents that have elicited cheers in every previous interpretation of the piece in Philadelphia. Orchestra, 30c.; balcony, 20c.; second balcony, 10c.; lower box seats, 75c.; upper box seats, 50c.

Miss Grace Boob, daughter of W. W. Boob, of Cincinnati, Ohio, has been ill with typhoid fever for two weeks or more. The attack at first was in a mild form, but later her parents became very much alarmed.

WM. E. GRAY, ESQ., DEAD.

Typhoid Fever Claims a Prominent Bellefonte Attorney.

The epidemic of typhoid fever in Bellefonte claimed for its first victim William E. Gray, Esq., whose death occurred Friday evening.

William Ernshaw Gray was born in Patton township, Centre county, on June 14th, 1860, his age being forty-two years. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel T. Gray.

He graduated at Pennsylvania State College in 1883, and then registered with the law firm of Hastings & Reeder. Later he took a full course at the Albany Law school, and in August of 1886 was admitted to the bar.

The deceased's marriage to Miss Ellen Green, daughter of G. Dorsey Green, took place in 1889.

Mrs. Gray and a son survive. Lawyer Gray was active in Republican politics of Centre county, and represented his party at numerous state conventions and caucuses.

As an attorney Mr. Gray was rated as one of the best at the bar, and always made it a point to give his clients, no matter what the importance of his case, his best efforts.

The funeral took place Monday afternoon; interment in the Union cemetery, Bellefonte.

Sugar Valley Notes.

The following paragraphs are taken from the Sugar Valley Journal:

Farmer J. Z. Thomas had hard luck Saturday. When he left his stock out of the stable to the watering place to drink, a fractious colt pranced about and jumped on one of the cows, breaking her back. To end the animal's suffering it was found necessary to kill her.

Franklin Jones met with an accident on a saw mill in Brush Valley recently in which two fingers were severed from his left hand.

A. H. Schrack felled a mammoth white oak tree the other day. The stump measured fifty-two inches across; the butt log only eight feet long cut four hundred feet of good lumber; the trunk was solid the length of forty feet.

Thomas White, who resides at Rauchtown, arrived home from Glen Union last Thursday with his left foot half cut off. The accident happened while he was working in the woods.

LOOKING FOR LOWER PRICES.

Many in Pittsburg believe that a reduction in steel prices is inevitable. Already the supply has has overtaken the demand in several lines, in some clearly outrun it. Additional new mills are starting up, and all will bid for business.

The high price fixed by the steel Trust, coupled with the urgent spot demand which has existed, has been the cause of bringing in foreign made iron and steel in increasingly large amounts.

Consumers are not now covering the future as has been the case for eighteen months past, when everyone was anxious to buy steel of any kind whenever it could be got. They are instead waiting to see how the iron and steel situation will shape by January 10.

There have been price changes within the last sixty days in the iron and steel markets, some of them very considerable. Barbed wire was cut $6 a ton by the trust, wire nails $3 a ton and pipe about 15 per cent. Certain other finished steel products have shaded off. Raw materials have held firm or even advanced.

A few remarks were offered in these columns recently touching the alteration at the White House, and bearing more particularly upon the fact that the President's office was now on the first floor, and senatorial seekers for patronage were no longer compelled to climb a stairway, nor rejected applicants to be kicked down. The Senators have a new complaint. Not satisfied with the architectural bringing down to the ground floor of the executive, they now object to a coal hole right in front of the office entrance. This provision in the plans is evidently precautionary and proper. No valid criticism can be offered by senators, for the hole is not covered over. If some appliance had been arranged whereby the President could pull a string and quickly remove the coal cover as he saw Quay and "Bill" Andrews approaching, there could be excuse for growling. During the days when barons held sway, and dwelt in castles protected by moles across which the portcullis would fall when guests came, they pulled up this bridge when an enemy appeared. The President's little coal hole is an admirable device, but it is open and above pavement. It has a commendable work to perform. Let a few fall in and the country will rise up and call it blessed.

The borough schools will close Wednesday of next week and open Monday, January 5th.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Fine sleighing this week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Meyer go south today (Thursday.)

Prof. Crawford's singing school will open after New Year.

D. H. Stoner has been appointed postmaster at Mill Hall.

Leslie Shilling is engaged in the Port Allegheny glass works.

The members of the Methodist church are making preparations to give a play.

Mrs. S. W. Smith will spend Christmas week with Mrs. J. W. Wolf, at Ardmore.

Sam, from Spring Mills, joins Bill and John in a talk about the town he represents.

Street Commissioner Lou Sunday is papa of another girl that weighed seven pounds since Sunday.

Mrs. Flora O. Bairfoot and little Miss Gertrude Weaver will go to Philadelphia Monday to remain several weeks.

Dr. J. E. Tibbens, of Lock Haven, has purchased an automobile with gasoline motor power. The weight of the vehicle is less than 500 pounds.

Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant, wife of President Grant, died at her residence in Washington at 11.17 Sunday night. Death was due to heart failure.

James Sandoe came home Sunday for a short stay. He is now a railroad engineer and wears his laurels well. His headquarters are at Pittsburg.

The ladies of the Salvation Army are preparing to present a basket of eatables to such of the poor in Bellefonte who are not able to purchase a Christmas dinner.

C. J. Finkle, general merchant at Spring Mills, gives the readers of the Reporter a new advertisement this week. His stock is first-class in every particular, and the prices are as low as can be found anywhere.

Miss Sarah Fitzgerald, of Bellefonte, was unanimously elected last week by the school directors of Spring township, to teach the primary grade at Axe Mann, which place was made vacant by the marriage of Miss Rebie Jodon.

Miss Eliza M. Moore, who for the past few months has been in Aaronsburg assisting in the care of Mrs. Harter, mother of Mrs. Rebecca Murray, of this place, will return to Centre Hall today (Thursday) in order that she may spend Christmas with friends and relatives.

A pretty little calendar reached this office, bearing the advertisement of H. C. Hambly, 158 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, dealer in diamonds, watches and jeweler. A note accompanying the calendar says any of the Reporter readers can secure one by sending a request on a postal card.

Frank M. Fisher, of Penn Hall, is very proud of an English pointer dog he owns, and while in town last week he and Banker Mingle went to the woods and came back with a fine string of pheasants, for the capture of which they were indebted to the fine instinct and training of the dog. The animal comes from the Longdale kennels, Virginia, and is white and tan in color.

Clyde P. Wieland, of Linden Hall, was a caller Monday, to have the name of his brother, D. T. Wieland, placed on the subscription list of the Reporter—a Christmas gift. The latter is an engineer on the Atchison and Topeka railroad, and has a run from Pueblo to Denver. The former represents the younger blood on the farm in the neighborhood of Linden Hall.

Albert Hessick, of near Green Springs, Ohio, arrived in Centre Hall Monday for a stay of two weeks or more. Mr. Hessick is a son of Jacob Hessick, formerly of near Colyer, but now of Green Springs, Ohio, and has reached the advanced age of eighty-eight years. John Hessick, another son, also lives at Green Springs, and is a trackman on the railroad. Mr. Hessick was here fifteen years ago on his wedding tour, but this trip was made alone. He is engaged in farming in one of the best farming communities that can be found anywhere in the state.

All this kicking against Apostle Smoot, of Utah, entering the United States Senate because he supports several wives appears wonderfully inconsistent to the residents of Washington, D. C., who know most of the national lawmakers and their habits. Many Washingtonians think if Smoot brings all of his own wives to the seat of government and stops at that he will be better able to perform the duties of his office than many of his colleagues. They maintain it is utterly impossible for one woman to successfully watch a Senator or Congressman where the streets and avenues numbered and lettered are so mixed up.

WARSHIPS BOMBARD FORT

Retaliation for Seizure of a British Merchant Steamer.

BIG POWERS ARE FORCING WAR.

Although President Castro Sends Word Granting the Satisfaction Demanded for Insult to the British Flag, the Warships Open Fire Before Acting Consul Volkmar Has Time to Deliver the Venezuelan Message.

Puerto Cabello, Venezuela (By Cable).—The British cruiser Charybdis and the German cruiser Vineta bombarded the fortress here at 5 o'clock p. m. and quickly silenced it. The bombardment lasted for 45 minutes. The fortress is composed of Fort Solano and the Castle Libertador. After the firing ceased the Charybdis sent marines to occupy the castle. The fortress was almost demolished.

Three persons were killed, one of them being a German resident.

The commander of the Castle Libertador has been taken prisoner. The cruisers are still here.

At 7 o'clock Sunday morning the Charybdis and the Vineta arrived here searching for Venezuelan gunboats. The two cruisers sent their boats into the inner port, but finding no gunboats the boats returned.

The captain of the British merchant steamer Topaze, which was seized by the mob here last Wednesday, then visited the British commodore on board the Charybdis and lodged a protest against the violation of his ship. The British captain returned an hour later with a detachment of 50 marines, who took charge of the Topaze. The populace was greatly excited at this incident, and raised the cry "To arms!" but there was no disorder.

The British commodore then sent a message to the authorities at Puerto Cabello demanding immediate satisfaction for the action of the mob in having hauled down the British flag from the Topaze, saying that if this satisfaction was not forthcoming in two hours—at 5 o'clock—the fortress and the customhouse would be bombarded. On the receipt of this demand the authorities sent a message to President Castro, asking for instructions.

A committee of the merchants of Puerto Cabello then approached Mr. W. H. Volkmar, American consul here, petitioning him to intervene. The Consul accepted the mission and visited the cruisers, but he could obtain no alteration in the decision of the allies.

At a quarter before five a reply was received from President Castro ,who authorized the chief officials here to give the British commodore ample satisfaction. Before this answer could be communicated to the American consul the hour stipulated for its receipt had arrived. The cruisers immediately opened fire on the fortress.

The fire was returned from Fort Solano and Castle Libertador, but the Venezuelan guns were soon silenced. While the firing continued there was intense excitement in this port. Every house in town was closed.

The people of Puerto Cabello cannot account for this precipitate action on the part of the allies, which they consider to be proof that Great Britain and Germany intend forcing war upon Venezuela.

Arbitration Proposed.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Arbitration has been proposed by President Castro as a means of settling the differences between his Government and those of Great Britain and Germany, the proposition being made to United States Minister Bowen for transmission to this Government, which will present it to the Foreign Offices at London and Berlin immediately.

Secretary Hay will act as the medium of communicating the proposition. The belief among officials of the State Department is that arbitration now is practically impossible, in view of the extreme measures adopted by the Governments concerned in the troubles, and that the situation has reached a stage where actual war practically prevails, although no formal declaration has been made or is likely to be made. There are numerous precedents in which nations have battered down forts and sunk ships without war having been formally declared. The most recent case was the course of Great Britain and Germany in smashing the Taku forts and attacking the Chinese without a declaration of war.

Mr. Hay replied to Mr. Bowen's cablegram, authorizing him, in his discretion, to use his good offices to secure arbitration. He was, however, made to understand that in the arbitration, if one should follow, he would represent, not the Government of the United States, but that of Venezuela, at its request.

It is realized here that the outcome is extremely doubtful and the way is beset with difficulties. If the claims against Venezuela were only those of Great Britain and Germany the adjustment might be easier, but France and Italy, the United States and perhaps other nations also have claims, and they cannot accept any arrangement which Great Britain and Germany might force on Venezuela that would deprive them of their right of reclamation.

The situation now prevailing has aroused in the last 24 hours great apprehension on the part of the Administration. There was a long discussion of the case between Mr. Hay and the President.

Although a perfect understanding has existed among the United States, Great Britain and Germany for several weeks as to the action taken against Venezuela in behalf of the claimants it is understood that this Government never expected such drastic treatment of the situation as has resulted in the last few days.

Finds Seven New Poisons.

Chicago (Special).—Professor Julius Schlotterback, professor of pharmacognosy in the University of Michigan, has discovered seven new poisons, says a special to the Tribune from Ann Arbor, Mich. Three of them are made from Allegheny vine. He has named two of these poisons adiumine and adlurnidine and one is still unnamed. From the calandine poppy the Professor has extracted the fourth and fifth poisons, callstylophine and disphylline and from the Japanese caladine the poison bacconidine and one yet unnamed.

THE LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

Domestic.

Miss Freda Volquartz, of New York, was attacked by a bulldog, which seized her by the throat and had to be strangled to death to release its hold.

Felix McCloskey, for 40 years a doorkeeper of the House of Representatives, is dangerously ill with pneumonia at his home, in Brooklyn, N. Y.

John D. Rockefeller's dividend check for the last quarter of the year on his holdings of stock in the Standard Oil Company is for $4,000,000.

There was blizzard weather and snow throughout the West and New England, New York state and also Pennsylvania.

A masked highwayman held up a stage near Grants Pass, Ore., but got only $15 in the registered mail.

Three large illicit distilleries were destroyed by revenue officers in the vicinity of Dark Corners, S. C.

Edward Morissey and James Tilton had a terrible experience in the icy waters of Gravesend Bay.

A general increase has been made in the wages of the trainmen of the Southern Railway.

There were many witnesses before the Anthracite Strike Commission to testify to miners' grievances against the operators. President Mitchell was again on the stand and had a lively tilt with Counsel Torrey.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is now assured of enough votes in the New York Board of Aldermen to pass the tunnel franchise next Tuesday.

The captain and crew of six of the abandoned schooner Belle Wooster were picked up off the coast of Gloucester after suffering hardships.

The National Bank of New York and the Western National Bank, New York concerns, have consolidated.

The American Public Health Association concluded its convention in New Orleans after electing officers.

The Georgia legislature passed a law extending the terms of the governor and other state officials.

There was a fire panic in the Ridpath Hotel, in Spokane, Wash., but all the guests got out safely.

A number of Yale students were fined in New Haven for taking away tickets from a speculator.

Dr. Daniel C. Gilman was re-elected president of the National Civil Service Reform Association.

John N. Partridge, commissioner of police of New York, has resigned.

J. C. Brounfield, convicted at Eldorado, Kan., of perjury in the trial of Miss Morrison for the murder of Mrs. Olin Castle, has been sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary.

Naval men at San Juan say the shooting of the sailor Costello, of the United States ship Wasp, by the Porto Rican police was unwarranted. Costello died of his wound.

The body of the wife of Prof. Marshal A. Barber, of Kansas University, was found in the river near Lawrence, Kan. She is supposed to have committed suicide.

Lieutenant Commander Rooney, in command of the United States steamer Frolic when it ran aground, is being tried by court-martial at Cavite.

By voting against the sale of liquor the village of Collinwood, near Cleveland, O., secures the new shops of the Lake Shore Railroad.

H. L. Meites was arrested in Chicago on the charge of running a plant for the counterfeiting of union cigar labels.

A powerful railroad protective bureau has been organized for the purpose of running down ticket forgers.

Reciprocity with Canada and Cuba was discussed at the National Reciprocity Convention, in Detroit, Mich.

The Moros on the Island of Mindanao attempted to surprise an American camp, but were repulsed.

The building permit for the new capitol at Harrisburg, Pa., fixes the value at $4,000,000.

Mrs. Dora Lightner was acquitted of the murder of Miss Lucy Wheeler at Toledo, O.

Pat Crowe is said by his brother, who lives in Chicago, to be in Johannesburg.

Foreign.

M. Philipp, the spiritualist who, it has been reported, exercised for a time a remarkable influence over the Czar, is a native of Lyons, France, where he enjoyed the reputation of having wonderful powers for curing people.

In a clash between the strikers and the police at Marseilles several persons on both sides were injured. Troops guard all the approaches to the port. The journeymen butchers and bakers have joined the strikers.

The National Assembly of Hayti will in a few days elect a new president. General Nord will enter the capital with his army next Sunday.

The United Fruit Company's steamer Kitty, which went ashore on Roncador Reef, 300 miles from Jamaica, is a total wreck.

Vice Admiral Kruys, the minister of marine of the Netherlands, is dead.

Leon y Castillo, the Spanish ambassador at Paris, has resigned.

While the British and German residents of Caracas who were arrested have all been released, it is reported that the Venezuelan authorities at Puerto Cabello seized and imprisoned British and German consuls and other British and Germans, and also seized a British steamer. Several thousand Venezuelan troops are gathering at Laguayra to resist the foreign forces.

Germany has nominated Dr. Sievking to be a member of the International Court of Arbitration in the place of Dr. Binger, President of the Senate of the High Court.

Poultney Bigelow, in an address to the Munich Geographical Society, advocated making Shanghai a republic free from consular or other official meddling.

Terrific storms continue to sweep the coast of Newfoundland. Four more schooners have been lost—one with her entire crew of 10 persons.

Vice-President Deucher was elected president of the Swiss Confederation.

Financial.

Norfolk & Western has advanced wages of 600 telegraph operators 10 per cent.

The Widener-Elkins syndicate declares that Rapid Transit doesn't want United Power.

Standard Oil's increase in prices to middlemen means an extra $8,000,000 profit, equal to 8 per cent. on the $100,000,000 capital stock.

Predictions are made that Lehigh Valley will cross par by February 1 or immediately after the annual meeting in January.

PACIFIC CABLE LANDED

The Shore End Successfully Laid at San Francisco.

MESSAGE SENT OVER THE CABLE.

Silverton Now Speeding Towards Honolulu at the Rate of Seven Knots an Hour, Laying the Cable on the Bottom of the Pacific —Crowd of 40,000 Witness the Inauguration of a New Era of Development.

San Francisco (Special).—"In memory of John W. Mackay I christen the Pacific cable. May it always carry messages of happiness."

With these words, Lucille Gage, the 11-year-old daughter of H. T. Gage, Governor of California, christened the trans-Pacific cable, and breaking a bottle of champagne over the shore end, inaugurated a new era in the commercial development of the Pacific Coast. The landing and splicing of the shore end which is to connect the mainland with Honolulu was accomplished without a hitch and was witnessed by nearly 40,000 people. Ideal weather prevailed there being scarcely any surf.

The steamer Newsboy, carrying six miles of cable, steamed close in shore and by a life-saving boat's crew sent a rope, to which the cable was attached, ashore. Word was sent to President Clarence H. Mackay and the cable and Postal Telegraph Company officials that all was in readiness.

The work of hauling in the cable was done so quickly that the officials arrived on the beach only two minutes before the cable touched the beach and was christened at 9.55 a. m.

While the cable was being spliced to the land end Mayor Schmitz delivered a short speech, congratulating Mr. Mackay on the successful beginning of the work. He spoke of the importance of the undertaking and the benefit to the world at large that would result from its completion.

Clarence H. Mackay, president of the Pacific Commercial Cable Company, made a short speech of thanks.

Gov. H. T. Gage, on behalf of the State of California, paid a fervent tribute to the late John W. Mackay. The formal exercises closed with cheers for the cable and its promoters.

A portion of the cable was cut up into small pieces as souvenirs and distributed by President Mackay among his special guests. During the ceremonies an artillery band from the Presidio played.

RACED WITH DEATH.

Suicide Wanted to See His Children Before He Died.

Derby, Conn. (Special).—Orlando B. Feeney, a local butcher, raced with death to bid goodby to his little daughters before succumbing from morphine he had taken with suicidal intent. A victim of melancholia, he took the fatal dose in Bridgeport. He then was seized with such a desire to see his daughters—Lillian, 13, and Norma, 8—he boarded a trolley car and rode to this city, an hour's trip.

The journey was scarcely half completed when stupor began to overpower him. Fellow-passengers walked him up and down the car and he was held with his face to the biting wind outside until this city was reached, when he was made to run to his home. He staggered into the room of the girls, kissed each goodby and fell unconscious. Dr. Paul Kennedy and Dr. G. R. Beardsley were quickly at his side, but he died early next morning.

It is said that Feeney was addicted to the use of morphine, otherwise he could not have remained unconscious for more than half an hour. He was 48 years old and was once more prosperous.

$616,618 FOR CHRISTMAS.

Money Sent From This Country to People in Foreign Lands.

New York (Special).—Just $616,618 is now in the strongroom of the big ocean steamers Kronprinz Wilhelm and Umbria, which cleared for Bremen and Liverpool. This money is in the shape of 34,442 postal money orders, drawn by the New York postoffice on 15 countries of Europe and sent home as "Christmas money" by former residents of those countries who now make the United States their home.

The 1902 shipment exceeds that carried away by the Umbria on December 9 of last year by $296,256. Never before has such a gigantic shipment of money orders, either in numbers or amount, been made.

In addition the regular mail pouches were packed full with Christmas presents for relatives and friends on the other side. This year's Christmas mail exceeds by many thousands of pounds any previous shipment.

Opposed to Gold Standard.

City of Mexico (Special).—The silver question continues to be one of the great topics of public discussion. It is now certain that the silver miners and the farming classes will make common cause against the adoption of the gold standard. The miners argue that the silver mines in gold standard countries will have to shut down at the present price of silver, while Mexican mines cannot continue to be operated; also that silver mining and agricultural interests have more claim on the protection of the government than railways or merchants. Meantime all prices are being raised, and there is much anxiety felt among the middle classes, especially wage earners and salaried men.

Governor Used Drastic Measures.

Charleston, S. C. (Special).—An attempt to have an exhibition of fighting of bulls, dogs and chickens near Rockhill, York county, resulted disastrously. Governor McSweeney had instructed the sheriff to prohibit the fighting. The owners of the show claimed that nothing but an injunction from the court could stop the animal fights. The sheriff thereupon caled on the Catawba Rifles, of the local militia, for aid, and the bull, dog and chicken fights were stopped.

DOINGS AT THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

Consular Service Reform.

A bill was introduced in the House by Representative Robert Adams (Pa.) to provide for the reorganization of the consular service of the United States.

Provision is made for the classification of consuls-general and consuls, specifying the number and salary of each class, and for the examination of applicants and those now in the service. Of the latter those who fail to pass are to be dropped, but none can be called for examination within six months from the date of the passage of the bill. Consuls-general and consuls may be transferred by the President from one place to another of the same class. Special examinations are provided for those who may be sent where the United States exercises extra territorial jurisdiction.

New Inauguration Date.

A joint resolution was introduced in the House by Representative David A. De Armond, of Missouri, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, providing that the term of the President shall continue until April 30, 1905, at noon, and thereafter April 30, at noon, shall be substituted for March 4, as the beginning and ending of the terms of the President and Vice-President, and that the Fifty-ninth Congress shall end and the Sixtieth begin on January 8, 1907, at noon, and thereafter each Congress shall begin and end on January 8 at noon.

Responsibilites Divided.

Commissioner of Immigration Frank P. Sargent argued before the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce that the Bureau of Immigration would be greatly benefited and the immigration laws could be more effectually enforced if the bureau should be transferred to the proposed Department of Commerce.

Mr. Sargent said his bureau must now rely largely upon the customs collectors for the enforcement of the immigration laws, which arrangement, he said, is not satisfactory to either the collectors or to his bureau, for the reason that embarrassment is occasioned to the officers called on to enforce customs laws and immigration laws at the same time.

Says Award is Excessive.

Salvador has applied for a reduction of the award, aggregating $500,000, made by the arbitration board which met in Washington last spring for injuries inflicted upon the Salvador Commercial Company, an American concern through the appropriation of their franchise. The allegation is made that the award is excessive.

The State Department has for the last three weeks been earnestly considering this subject, but from present indications it has not changed its mind as to the justice of the award, which must be paid over by next February at the latest.

Old Way is Preferred.

The committee appointed by Acting Postmaster-General Wynne to investigate the many devices submitted to the department to take the place of twine in tying up letter packages reported to the Postmaster-General against the devices proposed. The report states that while probably, after a long period of time, a direct saving might result from the substitution of a device which had been tested heretofore in the New England States, it would take more time in tying and untying the mail, and hence delay the distribution of mail. Other objections also are raised.

A More Elastic Currency.

A bill was introduced by Representative Pugsley, of New York, the aim of which, as the title states, is to "render the currency more elastic and responsive to the financial and commercial requirements of the country."

The Comptroller of the Currency, with the consent of the Secretary of the Treasury, is authorized by this measure to issue circulating notes under certain prescribed conditions. These circulating notes may be issued to any national bank to the extent of one-tenth of the face value of bonds deposited by the bank with the Treasury, and are to be secured by approved notes, bonds or bills receivable, double in value the amount of issue.

Money to Fight Cattle Disease.

A favorable report was ordered by the House Committee on Appropriations on the bill appropriating $500,000 for use in stamping out the foot-and-mouth disease in New England States. The bill also carries $500,000 to pay for rural free-delivery carriers and various smaller sums for miscellaneous expenses of the Postoffice Department.

Roosevelt Going to San Francisco.

President Roosevelt formally accepted the invitation of the citizens' committee of San Francisco to attend the dedication of the navy monument to commemorate the battle of Manila, probably in May next.

With the Lawmakers.

Secret service men and others who accompanied President Roosevelt on his bear-hunting expedition in Mississippi are now suffering with malarial chills and fevers.

The President selected Lloyd Griscom, Jr., as minister to Japan, and Richmond Pearson, of North Carolina, as minister to Persia.

The bar of the United States Supreme Court adopted resolutions in memory of the late Justice Gray, of the Supreme Court.

President Roosevelt promised to attend the exercises at the dedication of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in St. Louis.

President Samuel Gompers, of the Federation, and Vice-President Duncan denounced as false before the House Committee on Labor the charges that unionists impeded work on government vessels during the strike.

The Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Bill, carrying $26,930,453, was reported to the House by the Appropriation Committee.

The House Committee reported favorably the bill appropriating $7,000,000 for a new Court of Justice building.

A cablegram was received from John Barrett declining the appointment as minister to Japan.

The House passed the bill granting a pension to the widow of the late Rear Admiral Leary.

Lieutenant Owen was dismissed from the Navy on account of financial irregularities.

MRS. U. S. GRANT DEAD

An Attack of Bronchitis Brings on Heart Failure.

NONE OF HER SONS WERE PRESENT.

Illness of the Widow of the Famous Warrior and President Terminates Fatally—Doctors Had Given Up Hope, and the End Was Expected at Any Time—Mrs. Sartoris Was at Her Bedside.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant, widow of President Grant, died at her residence in this city at 11.17 o'clock Sunday night.

Death was due to heart failure, Mrs. Grant having suffered for some years from valvular disease of the heart, which was aggravated by a severe attack of bronchitis. Her age prevented her rallying from the attack. Nellie Grant Sartoris, her daughter, was the only one of her children with her at the time of her death, her three sons, who had ben summoned here, all being out of the city.

There also were present at the bedside when the end came Miss Rosemary ....., a granddaughter; Dr. Bishop, one of the attending physicians, and the two trained nurses. Death came peacefully, the sufferer retaining almost complete consciousness practically to the end. Word has come from Jesse and Ulysses S. Grant, two of the sons now in California, that they have started on their way to Washington. The other son, Gen. Fred Grant, will hasten here from Texas as soon as he receives a message telling him of his mother's death.

Mrs. Grant has been in poor health since her return early this fall from her summer home at Coburg, Canada. Coburg is a fashionable place for Americans, Europeans and diplomats. Last August Mrs. Grant was a little overtaxed with anxiety over the details of the wedding at that place of her granddaughter, Miss Vivian May Sartoris, to Mr. Frederick Roosevelt Scovel. Early in October Mrs. Grant's condition was such that her physicians advised her immediate removal to Washington. She was brought here hurriedly on a special car, arriving on October 17.

Since then she has been confined to her bed most of the time. Her son, Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, who has just returned from the Philippines to assume command of the Department of the Texas, was here at the time and was a source of much comfort to her.

THREE CHILDREN CREMATED.

Mother Became Insane When She Found They Were Dead.

New York (Special).—A lighted lamp as a makeshift to heat a room caused the death of three negro children named Smith in a tenement-house at 443 West Sixteenth street. The lamp exploded or was overturned by the children, who were alone in the room. When the firemen arrived they were dead.

The mother of the children is a laundress. She started out to collect from her customers, leaving the children, Annie, aged 7; Gertrude, aged 4, and Sadie, aged 2, in bed for warmth. She locked the door and took the key with her. The first intimation to the outside that there was a fire in the flat came from smoke pouring through a kitchen window into a courtyard. In the confusion no one thought of the Smith children.

Captain Farley, of Engine No. 3, the first to arrive, climbed up the fire-escape to the kitchen window of the Smith flat and entered the rooms. He found the little ones dead.

When the Smith woman returned to the house and learned of the death of her children she became insane.

Tears Froze on His Face.

Auburn, N. Y. (Special).—Last Sunday afternoon Willie Hinger, aged five years, was sent on an errand by his parents. He did not return, and Monday his dead body was found on the piazza of Laundryman Haley's home, outside the city limits. Its clothing was frozen to the floor. Tears had frozen upon the little sufferer's face. It is supposed he had arrived at Mr. Haley's early Sunday evening and was overcome by the cold before he could arouse the household. The door leading to the piazza where the body was found is little used, and the discovery was only made Monday. Besides the regular police force 25 special officers had been searching for the child.

Stamps Used as Fuel.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—By burning $1,000,000 in stamps the government employes in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing were kept warm last month and a saving of $150 in coal bills made. Coal could not be had in any quantity, and the engineers suggested that the millions of documentary stamps, rendered wothless by the repeal of the War Revenue Act, be used as fuel in the furnaces, instead of being burned in the specially prepared furnaces. The idea was adopted. While the stamps were being burned a government inspector stood in the engine-room to see that the stamps were consumed.

Southern Journalists Death.

Riverside, Cal. (Special). — James Harvey Mathes, a prominent Southern author and newspaper man, died here of consumption, aged 60 years. For many years he was editor of the Memphis Republic Ledger and at one time was on the staff of the Louisville Courier-General. He was a member of the Paris Exposition Commission and had served in the Confederate army as captain of volunteers.

Not Bound to Have Doctor.

Atlanta (Special). — The Supreme Court of Georgia handed down a decision which is regarded by Christian Scientists as a vindication. A resident of Dublin, Ga., a Christian Scientist, refused to give medicine to his sick child. The child died and the father was arrested and fined $300. The case was appealed to the State Supreme Court, which reversed the judgment of the lower court. It holds that failure to give medical attendance to children when ill is not a violation of the laws of the State.

RECIPROCITY TREATY.

Arrangements Between United States and Cuba Have Been Concluded.

Havana (Special).—A definite treaty of commercial reciprocity between Cuba and the United States was signed at 11 o'clock p. m., by General Bliss and Secretaries Zaldo and Montes. It only lacks the signature of Secretary Hay and Senor Quesada and the approval of the United States and Cuban senators to make it operative.

Although the treaty provides for a uniform reduction of 20 per cent. from the present tariff charges on Cuban products entering the United States, a parallel list of products has been drawn up in which is set forth the reductions on each item made by Cuba and the United States, respectively.

It is impossible now to make any material change in this list.

Washington is Puzzled.

Washington (Special).—"Treaty signed 11.15 p. m.," was the message which came to the State Department from General Bliss, at Havana, confirming the press report of the conclusion of a reciprocity arrangement between the United States and Cuba.

The officials here are puzzled to know just what has been signed; they thought that protocol or protocols had been prepared, but General Bliss' message carries the inference that he has actually concluded a definite reciprocity treaty. If he has done so the President will accept it and forward it to the Senate for its action, and the officers of Minister Quesada here will not be required to give effect to the convention.

The State Department does not feel at liberty to make public the details of the arrangement; in fact, some of these will not be known until the Havana mail reaches here, for General Bliss undoubtedly has made some changes in the duties on American imports into Cuba originally proposed.

Burglars in a Bank.

Irwin, Pa. (Special).—Burglars entered the First National Bank, this city, and made seven unsuccessful attempts to blow open the vault. They succeeded in getting away with $1,000 of post-office money that had been placed in a small, but apparently safe, repository. They stole two buggies from a livery stable at Jacksonville, near here, and drove into town. Meeting Policeman Weigel, who was patrolling his beat, they sandbagged and bound the officer, and then went to the telephone exchange, where they bound and gagged the night operator, Miss Bessie Fulton, to prevent any disturbance over the telephone.

Fifty-Year Sentence.

Elryia, O. (Special).—The trial of Thomas Gallagher, alias James Casey, one of the burglars who was shot during the attempt to rob the home of the Meach brothers, near Rochester, O., October 13, was brought to an abrupt ending here when the prisoner pleaded guilty to the charge against him. He was at once sentenced to serve 50 years in the penitentiary. Owen McCabe, alias William Davis, another member of the gang, recently convicted, was sentenced at the same time to life imprisonment. This is said to be the first life sentence for such a crime in the history of the State.

Colombia's Reorganization.

Panama, Colombia (By Cable).—In order to facilitate the reorganization of public administration, the work of the electoral council's telegraphic communication is being reestablished with the interior and the reconstruction of the line destroyed by the revolutionists is being rapidly pushed. Up to date no official news has been received of the fixing of a time for the elections to Congress. The crew for the Costa Rican cruiser Poca, recently purchased by Colombia, left here yesterday for Punta Arenas.

Engineer Frozen to Death.

Big timber, Mont. (Special).—One fatality has been reported as a result of the cold wave which has swept over this section of the State. The victim was an engineer named English. His frozen body was found near the Cowles mining camp, where he had been employed. Reports from various sections of the State tell of rapidly falling temperatures.

For Statue of J. E. B. Stuart.

Richmond, Va. (Special).—At a meeting of the Stuart Monument Association here $1700 was raised for an equestrian statue of Gen. J. E. B. Stuart, the Confederate cavalry leader. The statue will be erected here. This sum is in addition to about $500 already in hand for the purpose. The Council will be asked for aid, and a general effort will be made forthwith to add to the fund.

Ninth "Boodler" Gets Nine Years.

St. Louis (Special).—John H. Schnettler, former member of the House of Delegates, was convicted here of bribery in connection with the suburban franchise deal and was given four years in the penitentiary. This is the ninth "boodle" case disposed of thus far."

Jail Delivery at Marshall, N. C.

Marshall, N. C. (Special).—Seven men escaped from jail at this place at midnight by sawing out the steel bars in the cell windows. The escaped prisoners include Henry Murray and Rice Hagan, both of whom are under charges of murder. There is yet no trace of the men.

Plan Million-Dollar Station.

Indianapolis, Ind. (Special).—It was officially announced that the Indianapolis Traction and Terminal Company will, within the next 48 hours, offer to lease the Indianapolis Street Railway Company's lines for 30 years, the length of the franchise of both, and will, if the proposition be accepted, issue $5,000,000 stock and $5,000,000 bonds. The Terminal Company has a franchise and a contract with all the interurban roads, and will erect in a few months a station costing $1,000,000.

FOR THE LADIES

EFFECT OF MIXED VEILS.

The women whose hair is beginning to turn gray make a mistake when they wear veils of mixed black and white in the latest report of New York milliners. These veils of a grayish tint are trying, even on hair that has retained all its original lustre and richness of coloring, and when they are drawn taut over locks that have a few gray streaks of their own, the effect is enough to make any woman unhappy.

BROADCLOTH TRIMMING.

Most of us have noted the good effect with which broadcloth faces ever so many of the handsome new coats. And some have not been slow to adopt the idea for other purposes.

Broadcloth is especially well suited for bands and facings on most any meterial except light weight silk. Other smooth cloths may serve, but they aren't as rich. Some house dresses and lounging robes may be better trimmed in velvet, but you'll be surprised to find how many will be the softer and lovelier with the cloth. The $3 quality is the one to be chosen, and as a rule very little of it is required.

A lovely afternoon dress in white shows bands about the neck and shoulders in Grecian effect; these bands are of palest blue, with a design carried out in pearls. Gold or silver tissue applique shows up exquisitely on a white cloth band. The clever needlewoman may embroider these bands herself. Floral effects are good and the Egyptian figures are as striking as they are new.

There are many simple effects. Take a pretty rose colored robe (one of the soft shades) and use bands of palest pink cloth, which may be adorned with rows of deep wine silk stitching. Even this plain trimming will be effective.

WOMEN AS AUCTIONEERS.

"Speaking of occupations for women," said the energetic young person who expends all of her executive ability on the management of one refractory maid and most of her physical strength in dusting her parlor furniture. "Why don't women become auctioneers? Now, there's a profession that many of them were certainly made for! I think I, for example, would make a very good auctioneer, and I'm sure I'd look as captivating as the fat and baldheaded autocrats who mount the rostrum at most auction sales. And then think what a commanding position one would have, perched up there, the world at one's feet, queen of all one surveyed.

"With a dainty little silver mounted hammer in hand, with what delight we should be able to knock down 'bargains' to our intimate friends, inveigle our enemies into the purchase of worthless 'lots,' or defraud them out of the possession of coveted articles by overlooking their 'bid' or giving it to a hated rival! Indeed, we ought to be first rate auctioneers. As we are so often 'sold' ourselves, we should have an inkling as to how to 'sell' others.

"Women, as a rule, are so fond of bargains that I feel sure they would shine in disposing of them. Besides, they have such a flow of language, such a mastery over detail, such ready wit, and such marvellous intuition, that, as a matter of fact, they are born auctioneers, and it is only through the envy, hatred, malice and uncharitableness of the opposite sex that the dignity of occupying the rostrum has been, so far, denied them.

"Of course, it would have its disadvantages. It would be hard, for instance, to say—'Going, going—gone!' as we saw some charming and artistic bibelot on which we had set our own heart disappear into the dull and unappreciative maw of a wretched Goth, Vandal, Philistine, or parvenue, but the mysteries of 'reserve prices' and prices 'not reaching the reserve' would be an open book to us; we should be able to do battle with the machinations of 'the ring;' and, moreover, we could reflect that the world is full of treasures—all 'bargains'—more or less."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

THE CARE OF CLOTHES.

Garments should never be shut up in a closet or wardrobe directly after being taken off. Let the bodice of a dress or any garment that has the least spot of perspiration on it hang over the back of a chair near an open window half an hour or more before being put away. The oldest clothes can be kept fresh and odorless if treated in this way. At night the stockings and all body linen should be hung over the backs of chairs so that the air can circulate freely through them during the night. The neat little rolls of clothing placed compactly one upon another, in which our grandmothers prided themselves were exceedingly hygienic and unsavory.—American Queen.

HOW TO DRESS EFFECTIVELY.

The girl with a pretty face and figure is supposed by many to have the advantage of her plainer sister. This does not apply, however, in all cases, for a pretty girl has been known to look very ordinary on some occasions, while her plainer sister at the same time was attracting much attention.

This is understood by an observing person, who can easily discern that the plainer girl, feeling the want of that very desirable item—beauty—takes great care of the detail of her appearance, and gives considerable thought to what is becoming to her particular style of face and form. Individuality should be the aim of every girl, for not until she has acquired this much desired trait does she become interesting.

The girl with dark chestnut hair and eyes and clear white complexion is fortunate, for she can wear almost any color; but take away her clear complexion and she will have to be careful in her selection of colors and contrasts. Many girls, with the aid of cosmetics, try to make their faces suit their surroundings. This is a mistaken idea; the surroundings should always be planned and arranged to suit the face. A woman with a sallow complexion and dull brown hair and eyes has no reason whatever for looking ugly. All she needs to do is to affect dull reds and browns, and no matter what other color she indulges in, always have a touch of dull red or brown somewhere, and she will find her problem solved in the most satisfactory manner. She must give up all ideas of striking contrasts, for to her they are out of the question.

The majority of girls are under the impression that red is a color for brunettes and pale blue a color for blondes. This is a mistaken idea, as any one can ascertain by putting a white dress on a blonde girl, and having here and there a touch of cherry red.

Then, again, if a brunette has a clear skin, a pale shade of blue enhances its clearness and accentuates the dark eyes and hair.

A safe method is to repeat the tint of the eyes and hair in the gown, and the girl with irregular features should frame them in hats with drooping brims and waving lines.

The girl with the too slender figure must have her clothes fitted in a shapely fashion, but loosely, that she may seem to fill them out; and the stout girl should always have her belt and waist trimmings point downward, and should never wear figured materials of any kind.—New York News.

THE BABY'S LAYETTE.

Not such a very long time ago it would have been almost impossible to buy the necessary garments for an infant's outfit, but today there are many shops which make a specialty of children's and infants' clothing and all their belongings, and there is scarcely a department store that does not have its infants' department. This makes the providing of large outfits unnecessary; in fact, the healthy baby grows so rapidly that it is far better not to start with too many clothes. The first dresses are soon outgrown, and the kind of dresses needed for the second set depends much upon the season. For instance, the layette of a baby born in the late spring or early summer months would naturally differ somewhat from the autumn or winter layette. For the former the following is ample: Six dresses; six petticoats; six flannel skirts; six shirts; three flannel bands; four night-gowns; two dozen diapers eighteen inches wide by thirty-six inches long; four dozen diapers twenty-two inches wide and forty-four inches long; four flannel or cashmere sacques; four pairs of thin cashmere or woollen stockings; four pairs of bootees or moccasins; two long wraps made of cashmere or light flannel, and one or two soft mull caps. —Marianna Wheeler, in Harper's Bazar.

A Match-striking Dog.

A Manayunk man found the other day a number of burnt matches scattered on the floor of his parlor. No one in the house had thrown them there. The whole matter was a mystery.

Two days later the same thing occurred again, this time in the kitchen. Over fifty charred match-sticks lay upon the carpet, and nobody knew anything about them. It looked as thought a lunatic had been at work.

The following afternoon the man was taking a nap in his study, while his fox-terrier played about the room. A sharp report awakened him, and, looking up, he saw the dog striking a match with his nails. With one paw it held a match-stick firmly on the floor, and it scratched the brimstone head with the nails of the other foot. The little flame and explosion that followed seemed to fill the dog with delight. It went immediately to the table, and brushing off a dozen of the matches that lay there, it was about to renew its tiny fireworks display when the man shouted—

"Get out of there! Do you want to set the house on fire?"

Since then the dog has been kept out of doors.—Philadelphia News.

The London Crowd.

One of the things that most impressed General Wood was the stolidity of the London crowds. They disappointed him. He had heard so much of "British cheers" that he expected to see all American outbursts thrown into the shade. Instead of that he found less show of enthusiasm, even when the king and queen rode through the city, than may be met with any days in the State at a baseball match. This is a comment which American visitors often make, and not without reason. The London crowd is more hearty and vociferous than the French or German crowd, but compared with an American gathering on any big occasion, a political meeting for instance, a civic welcome to a victorious admiral, or a 'varsity football match, it is as Aber waterfall to Niagara. On the other hand, it is claimed that the Americans do not really cheer; they yell.—London Chronicle

GARDEN AND FARM

HAVE GOOD FENCES.

The best way to prevent cattle from breaking out of the pasture is to have good fences and not overcrowd. If any are chronic jumpers better sell them or keep them in the barn.

FOR HOG RAISING.

There is less demand every year for the extra large overfatted hogs, that have taken two years to reach maturity. What is wanted for profitable feeding is a thrifty pig, that in six, or seven, or eight months' growth will average a pound of pork a day. This can usually be made at a profit. The heavier hogs cost more to keep, and the pork is neither so good, nor will it now sell so well, as pork that weighs 200 pounds or less per carcass.

STERILIZING THE SOIL.

For sterilizing soil I use a system of 2 inch pipes perforated with 3-8 inch holes. These are laid in trenches 2 feet apart and covered 1 foot deep with soil. It takes two 40-horse boilers running one hour to sterilize a section 40 feet long and 7 feet wide. The soil is heated to 212 degrees to a depth of 1 foot below the pipes as well as the same temperature above them.—W. W. Rawson, in Orange Judd, Farmer.

RETURN THE EMPTY COMBS.

There is but little expense to the honey extract or even for a small apiary, if one will but give it credit for the empty combs that are returned to the bees, or the increase of honey that is gained by the use of these combs. There are those who state that the use of comb foundation will double the amount of honey the bees will store, and that the use of old comb will double the amount that can be obtained from foundation. While this may be, and we think it is, an exaggeration, it is not as much so as many others would think. We believe that in a good honey flow it will not be much short of that amount, but when the honey comes in slowly, the gain will be less, though enough at any time to repay the cost of foundation. And we are not sure that comb is worth twice as much as foundation, or that the bees will store twice as much in it, but there is no doubt that they will store more in it than on comb foundation, and we have little doubt that the foundation will double their product when honey is coming in rapidly, or that it will pay any one well who is extracting honey to return the empty combs, or use them for outcoming swarms.—The Cultivator.

FARM POULTRY HOUSE.

My farm has sixty-five acres. I used to keep the poultry under the cow barn, which has a good warm cellar and a warm yard on the south. The rats and weasels troubled them so I had to build a hen house, which I located 85 feet north of my dwelling house, on a sunny, southern slope. The house is 10x30 feet long, 4 feet high in the rear, 8 feet in front, boarded and shingled. It is divided into three pens 10 feet square. The east pen I used for a grain room. In the east end, there is a door 6 feet high by 8 inches wide, and a window 2 feet long by 10 inches high. There are six windows in front and a door in the basement which is used for storing the wheel barrow. The west yard is 35x79 feet and contains six fruit trees. The central yard is 40x78 feet, and contains 10 fruit trees and five grape vines.

I also have a house for young chicks 10x15 feet in size, with sides 5 feet high and 8 feet in the center. It fronts the south, and has a door and window in the west end, two windows in the south side, and one window in the east. It is boarded and shingled, and has a yard attached 40x50 feet set with two fruit trees and two grape vines. The walls of both houses are laid in cement on good hard pan foundation. They are graded on a circle at the back side, which takes all the water away from them.—M. U. Maynard, in New England Homestead.

FERTILIZERS ON THE FARM.

Nitrate of soda is extensively used for its nitrogen, and, as it is very soluble, it is at all times available for the use of plants. It contains about 16 per cent. of nitrogen, or 320 pounds per ton of 2000 pounds. The cost of the nitrogen, at 15 cents per pound, is $48 per ton of nitrate of soda. The price of nitrogen is not fixed, however, and varies according to the demand and supply. An application of 1000 pounds of nitrate of soda is considered a large one, and 500 pounds is even far above the average. Estimating 1000 pounds of nitrate of soda at $24, and containing 100 pounds of nitrogen, it may be considered a large expenditure for a farmer to devote to one acre, but when the nitrogen is grown on the farm the gain to the farmer may be equal to the value of a crop that is sold in the market. A yield of 4 tons of clover hay on a farm is equivalent to 1000 pounds of nitrate of soda, in nitrogen, estimating each ton of hay as containing 40 pounds of nitrogen. Such a crop, therefore, if not harvested at all, and allowed to remain on the ground to be plowed in, would be equal to $25 worth of fertilizers purchased for the nitrogen contained. But farmers are correct in utilizing clover hay as food for stock, as it is then not only converted into milk or meat, but that portion not utilized (undigested) is reduced to a more available condition for plants by being passed through the bodies of the animals. It is claimed, however, that the fass of roots and stubble left over in the ground are nearly equal to the tops, and the farmer, therefore, enriches his soil from that source.

Green clover contains a large proportion of water; hence there is a difference between the green material and clover hay. A ton of green clover contains about one-half of one per cent. of nitrogen, while clover hay contains two per cent., or four times as much as green clover. The composition of clover differs, as there are several varieties—red, mammoth, alsike, scarlet and white—that are well-known to farmers, but the common red kind is mostly grown. If an acre produced three tons of clover hay, such clover, when green and before cured, would weigh 12 tons, 9 tons being really water, but this depends largely upon the stage of growth at which it is mowed, the nearer the approach of maturity the smaller the proportion of water. This large mass of water in the green clover causes it to more quickly decompose in the soil than will the cured hay, and the soil is consequently soured to a certain extent by the vegetable and mineral acids resulting from the decomposition of the clover. The use of an alkali, therefore, like lime, neutralizes the acids and assists in the chemical action occurring in the soil, the lime also serving as plant food for nearly all kinds of crops. Potash and phosphoric acid are also essential for crops, but the farmer can purchase those substances at one-third the cost of nitrogen, and should, therefore, aim to produce as much nitrogen as possible on the farm by the use of the leguminous plants—clover, beans, peas, etc.

If there is a farm on which clover will not grow use lime, and then procure earth from a field on which clover has been grown successfully, in order that the soil may be inoculated with the microbes that assist clover in deriving nitrogen from the atmosphere. That such can be accomplished has been demonstrated by Mr. Grandeau, Inspector General of the French Agricultural Experiment Station, and Herr Fruhweh, of Germany. They secured 134 pounds of nitrogen per acre with clover and soil inoculation. M. Graheau sowing 800 pounds of impregnated earth per acre on one plot, 1,600 pounds on a second plot and none on the third, the first crop producing twice as much as the third, and the second crop three times as much. In Germany the "Lupitz" method is largely used. It is to employ a substance known as "nitrogen," which is a culture of the required microbe, but the other elements of fertility, such as lime and potash, are also added, by which method all kinds of crops were made to produce enormously at a saving of 50 per cent. in the cost of fertilizers. Not only should clover be a staple crop on all farms, but farmers can grow quick-maturing crops, such as rye, oats, cow peas, millet and buckwheat for turning under, which, with the aid of lime or wood ashes, will largely increase the fertility of the soil at a small cost proportionately, but farmers should not neglect the use of manure and fertilizers while growing green materials.—Philadelphia Record.

HELPING THE RUNTS.

When the litter of pigs show a very uneven condition in the size and strength of the different individuals, it is well to watch them carefully, and a little later to separate the smaller and less active ones from the flock, and give them special attention. A good deal of the loss in pig raising comes from the runts. They are always crowded away from the feed trough and pestered by the stronger ones in every possible way. Their deficient growth at the start may be purely accidental, but it may further be prolonged by the bullying of those which had a better start. They will always remain undersized, and will reduce the general profits derived from the whole litter. By separating these from the flock, and giving them special care for a few weeks or months they may recover their loss, and prove as profitable as the others. It is not that they require much more attention, but simply a pen where they can live in peace and quietness. Constant worry through bullying stunts their growth and keeps them backward. I have made three or four separations in this way, and within two months obtained a uniform growth of the whole litter.

The small, undersized ones responded to special treatment, and soon caught up to their brothers and sisters. At first they needed plenty of good nourishing food, fed to them often and in small quantities, and in time they grew so sturdy and fat that they could be turned in with the others and hold their own. A good many sows show a tendency to have litters of very uneven size and thrift, and it is better to get rid of such creatures at once. The choice breeding sows should be selected from the mothers which have a reputation for producing litters of an even and uniform size and thrift ness, but if some undersized ones appear take them in hand at once and give them a chance.—E. P. Smith, in American Cultivator.

Ronald Brennan, of Brooklyn, rose through fraud in two years from office boy to trust-company president. But let an admiring "get-rich-quick" youths remember that he has dropped from the latter position to a convict's cell in a far shorter time.

150,000 Screws to the Pound.

The minuteness of some of the screws made in a watch factory may be measured by the statement that it takes nearly 150,000 of a certain kind to weigh a pound. Under the microscope they appear in their true character—perfectly finished bolts. The pivot of the balance wheel is only one two-hundredths of an inch in diameter, and the gauge with which pivots are classified measures to the ten-thousandth part of an inch. Each jewel hole into which a pivot fits is about one five-thousandth of an inch larger than the pivot to permit sufficient play. The finest screw for a small-sized watch has a thread of 260 to the inch and weighs one one-hundred and thirty thousandths of a pound. Jewel slabs of sapphire, ruby or garnet are first sawed into slabs one-fiftieth of an inch thick, and are shellacked to plates so that they may be surfaced. Then the individual jewels are sawn or broken off, drilled through the center, and a depression made in the convex side for an oil cup. A pallet jewel weighs one one-hundredth and fifty-thousandths of a pound; a roller jewel a little more than one two-hundred and fifty-six thousandths. The largest round hair spring stud is four-hundredths of an inch in diameter and about nine-hundredths of an inch in length.

FOR THE NEXT GENTLEMAN

Street Gamin's Fellow Feeling for Those in Distress.

An amusing incident was witnessed in a cigar store on Chestnut street the other afternoon.

A newsboy, having picked up a cigar stump, walked in and, addressing the man behind the counter, said: "Say, boss, give us a match." The man behind the counter, looking down, said: "My young friend, we are not here for the purpose of giving away matches; we sell them." "How much are dey?" was the question. "One cent a box." the clerk announced. The urchin stuck his hand into his pocket and produced, after a great deal of hunting, a penny and handed it to the man. He received his box of matches, and, taking one out, lit the "butt." Returning the box to the man back of the case, he said: "Say, put dis back on de shelf, and when a gentleman comes along and asks you for a match, why, give him one out of my box."—Philadelphia Times.

Neatness in Young Girls.

Neatness is a good thing for a girl, and if she does not learn it when young she never will. It takes a great deal more neatness to make a girl look well than it does to make a boy look passable. Not because a boy, to start with, is better looking than a girl, but his clothes are of a different sort, not so many colors in them, and people do not expect a boy to look as pretty as a girl. A girl that is not neatly dressed is called a sloven, and no one likes to look at her. Her face may be pretty, and her eyes bright, but if there is a spot of dirt on her cheek, and her finger ends are black with ink, and her shoes are not laced or buttoned, and her skirt is torn, she cannot be liked. Learn to be neat, and when you have learned it will almost take care of itself.—New York Times.

Husband's Mean Trick.

A Brooklyn man had a spat with his wife, and she deserted him. He offered a reward of ten cents for information regarding her whereabouts. The small reward made her indignant, and she returned two days later to renew the spat, and "have it out with the mean follow."

American After Honors Abroad.

J. H. Seaverns, a native of New Jersey, is a candidate for parliament in one of the London districts. He has lived in England for some ten years and recently became a naturalized subject of King Edward.

Fourth Wife He Bought Runs Away.

James Bargera of Pittsburg has been committed to jail on complaint of Gaspar Scalia.

About Sept. 5 Bargera agreed to get Scalia a wife for $125. Shortly afterward he introduced a pretty Italian girl by the name of Santa Bonsitti to Scalia and the two were wedded amid great festivities.

The bridegroom swore at the hearing that he had paid Bargera the $125 agreed upon. Next day, however, Scalia alleges Bargera persuaded the bride to run away. Since that time he has not seen his wife.

Scalia has been unfortunate, for all of his three former wives left him much in the same manner as the last. All his wives, it is said, were purchased in the same way.

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goes straight to the seat of the pain, no matter whether it comes from

Rheumatism, Neuralgia,

SWOLLEN JOINTS, SPRAINS, HEADACHE, STRAINS, STIFFNESS LUMBAGO OR SCIATICA.

Used Externally by rubbing only. Equally good for MAN and HORSE.

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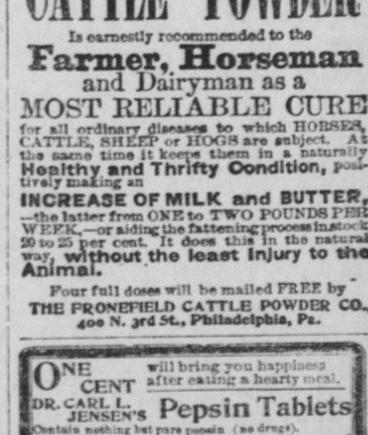

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CATTLE POWDER

Is earnestly recommended to the

Farmer, Horseman

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MOST RELIABLE CURE

for all ordinary diseases to which HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP or HOGS are subject. At the same time it keeps them in a naturally Healthy and Thrifty Condition, positively making an

INCREASE OF MILK and BUTTER, —the latter from ONE to TWO POUNDS PER WEEK,—or aiding the fattening process in stock 20 to 25 per cent. It does this in the natural way, without the least injury to the Animal.

Four full doses will be mailed FREE by

THE PRONEFIELD CATTLE POWDER CO.,
400 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

ONE CENT will bring you happiness after eating a hearty meal.

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Contain nothing but pure pepsin (no drugs).

One tablet taken after a meal will digest one pound of solid food. Samples free. Ask your druggist or send us 25 cents in stamps for a vial.

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BIRD MANNA!

The great morsel of the canary breeders of the Harz Mountains in Germany. Bird Manna will restore the song of cage birds, will prevent their ailments, and restore them to good condition. If given during the season of moulting feathers it will carry the little musician through this critical period without the loss of song. Sent by mail on receipt of 10c. in stamps. Sold by all druggists. Bird Book Free.

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IT is pretty hard to keep well informed on the political news, the scientific news, the literary news, the educational movements, the great business developments, the hundreds of interesting and valuable articles in the hundreds of excellent magazines. About the only way it can be done by the average busy man and woman is to read a magazine like "The Review of Reviews," and, as it is the only magazine of the sort, it is a good thing to send $2.50 for a year's subscription.

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CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1902.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.
ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

Spring Mills.

Mrs. Roy Rearick Saturday returned after a brief absence. Mr. Rearick looked quite pleased on the arrival of his wife, of whom it might be said, if the writer were plain spoken, is quite handsome.

Wm. Neese killed two hogs, the combined dressed weight of which was seven hundred and twenty-two pounds. Dr. P. W. Leitzell developed two porkers that dressed but one hundred pounds less.

A. K. McManigle, of Milroy, who is identified with large lumber operations, was in town Saturday and had several cars loaded with prop timber, which, by the way, was the first shipped away for some time.

Among the sick reported from the different parts of country surrounding town are Wm. Homan, Charles Wise, and Mrs. Frank Rearick.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hettinger, at the toll gate, had a baby girl enter their home, and although this is the second child the parents are quite happy over the event.

These cold brisk mornings and days do not keep G. W. Dunkle confined to the house, but rather cause him to step more quickly, and discuss current topics with greater earnestness.

Among the most substantial citizens of Gregg township is Samuel Harter, of Georges Valley, who frequently comes to town. Although Mr. Harter spent his entire life in hard work on the farm, he is quite active, and this winter for some weeks cared for the live stock of his tenant, John Hosterman, who was ill and unable to secure help.

The bell for the Lutheran church is expected to arrive any day. The purchase was made some time ago from the C. S. Bell Company, Ohio, for $150.00, the company making a handsome contribution toward the fund. The weight of the bell stripped of fixtures is eight hundred pounds.

The sick are all slowly improving.

Mrs. Wm. Musser left last Saturday for Altoona, where she expects to visit her mother, and her daughter Marion, who is attending school there.

John Leitzell, of Lewisburg, spent several days hunting, with good success.

Mrs. Braucht, wife of Dr. Braucht, and son Dean, went to Howard to visit her sister, Mrs. Jonas Condo.

Prof. Rearick made a business trip to Lewisburg.

"Stackey" Brown, the popular landlord of Milroy, and Brown McNitt, stopped for a short time on their way from Woodward. "Stackey" had a couple pounds of Switzer cheese with him which were sampled by Major Huss, and pronounced fine.

M. B. Duck, residing a short distance above the village, received a paralytic stroke early on Monday morning last; his conditicn is very critical.

The genial editor of the Reporter made a flying visit to this place last week. We are always glad to greet Mr. Smith, but unfortunately, Spring Mills sees him rarely of late.

Miss Orpha, the accomplished daughter of T. M. Gramley, of this place, has charge of the intermediate school of the village, and has proven herself a teacher of rare tact and admirable ability for managing and training children. Her influence and absolute control of the scholars in her department borders on the marvelous. When the session begins decorum and order reign supreme, and continues until the session ends, and it is not from any fear of punishment or detention after school hours, that they all bow to her authority and yield obedience. But all the scholars appear to love her and strive their utmost to please her. Naturally with such a thoroughly competent instructress—a teacher who takes a pride and interest in the work, is patient, impartial and always has a kind word for her young pupils, is ever ready to assist and explain any lesson beyond the immediate comprehension of their youthful minds, make rapid strides in all their studies. Miss Gramley's appointment as a teacher in the Academy was a very fortunate one and while displaying her skill in teaching young ideas how to sprout, has won golden opinions from all sorts of people.

Mrs. W. Willis Rishel, of Montgomery, who visited her mother, Mrs. D. H. Ruhl and other friends for a week or more, left for her home last Saturday. She was accompanied by Mrs. Ruhl, who will spend the winter with her daughter.

Rev. Charles Stover, of Clearfield county, arrived here Tuesday to attend the funeral of his brother, Jeremiah Stover, which took place at Farmers Mills Wednesday.

Mrs. C. A. Krape made a short visit to her sister, Mrs. P. H. Meyer, residing at Boalsburg.

Mrs. Lizzie Bartholomew, who for the last four years has lived in the home of Hon. Wm. M. Allison, left last Tuesday for Curwensville, where she intends making her future home, and will assume the household duties in the home of Harry Teats. Mrs. Bartholomew, during her stay at this place has made a large number of friends, all of whom regret very much to see her leave.

At this writing M. B. Duck, residing about two and one-half miles west of town is in a serious condition. He was partially paralyzed on Sunday night, and since that time has been unconscious. On this account Allie Duck, his son, closed his school in Penn Hall.

Thomas Decker, who was reported as having typhoid fever, is improving to such an extent that he is able to be out again. Mrs. C. J. Finkle is also able to resume her accustomed duties, while the daughter, Miss Elsie, is convalescent.

Mrs. Duncan Runkle and little daughter Edyth, who are suffering from typhoid fever, are slowly improving.

The stores are all dressed in their holiday attire, and present a beautiful appearance. They remind all that Christmas is near and impress the fact that the gay festivities of the Christmas season are about to begin.

Christmas services will be held in the Reformed church Sunday afternoon and in the Methodist church the night before Christmas.

Turkeys are in great demand through this country at the exorbitant price of twelve cents a pound. A Christmas turkey at such prices is quite a luxury.

Farmers Mills.

Merchant John Rishel was to Georgetown last week, to see the doctor of Hickory Corner.

D. H. Rearick purchased a fine colt from Calvin Garbrick, of Nittany.

Edward Dunkle has shot fifteen rabbits this season.

Al. Bradford and Charles Stover have quite a time keeping track of their dogs.

John Hagen bought some fine shoats from William Rishel this week.

Mr. Thompson, of Nittany, passed through here looking for fat stock.

Charles Hagen shot a fine rabbit this week, the first one he shot.

Charles McCool, who is working for Miller Goodhart, spent Sunday at his home in Spring Mills.

Good sleighing in this community.

Aaronsburg.

Geo. E. Stover has returned home after having been engaged as carpenter at Windber a few months.

The Calathumpians were out serenading Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Saturday evening.

A. S. Stover wishes to inform the public that he will start a singing school on Saturday evening which it is hoped all will attend.

Luther Bower is the happiest man in town, since a baby boy arrived.

Mrs. Phoebe Kreamer and son, of Bellefonte, are visiting Mrs. Kreamer's brother, A. S. Stover.

Miss Nellie Weaver has gone to spend a few weeks with friends in Spring Mills.

Mrs. Ella Irey and daughter, of Warren, are the guests of Dr. C. S. Musser.

Mr. and Mrs. Olen Glenn are visiting Mrs. Glenn's parents, Allen Keener's.

Oak Hall.

Miss Mary Etters is still confined to her bed with inflamatory rheumatism.

Miss Anna Kaup is able to sit up again.

We are having fine sleighing at the present time.

Harry Lonebarger, Linden Hall's jolly pedagogue, spent Saturday at the county seat.

Edward Sellers spent a day last week at Bellefonte.

Prof. C. L. Gramley visited our schools last Tuesday.

E. K. Smith is hobbling around with an attack of lumbago.

John Reish, of Centre Hall, spent Saturday evening and part of Sunday at the home of Mr. Barnhart.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Homan are the proud parents of a new boy that came to their home last Wednesday to stay.

The religious services held at Lemont are largely attended by our people.

Centre Hill.

Misses Lola and Margie Strohm Friday returned from Bellefonte, where Miss Lola had been employed in Miss Snyder's millinery store.

J. F. Bible and mother spent Friday with Mrs. Samuel Bruss, near Centre Hall.

D. C. Rossman and wife arrived last week on a visit to their many friends. Mr. Rossman Tuesday returned to York, where he is engaged in a grain, coal and feed yard, but Mrs. Rossman will remain a month or more with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bible.

George was seen driving his new horse Saturday. Guess he is getting ready to take his lady out sleigh riding. How about it, Cordie?

Peter Smith made a trip to Mifflin county last week, with some fine porkers.

Milton Benner and Miss Esther L. Smith spent Sunday evening at Frank Moyer's.

G. W. Smith took a sled load to the county seat Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Goodhart expect their daughter, Mrs. Evans, home sometime this week.

Colyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McClellan, of Millheim, are visiting his mother, Mrs. McClellan, of this place.

Miss Ray Smith, of Potters Mills, spent Sunday with her cousin, Miss Mary Moyer.

Miss Cora Houtz, of Pleasant Gap, is assisting her parents to move to Milroy.

Miss Leah Kline, of Oak Hall, is making her home with Harry Fleisher's.

Mrs. Elias Rickert and son James, of Yeagertown, visited her parents at this place.

Misses Katie Boal and Lydia Ishler, of this place, spent Monday at Centre Hall.

Benjamin Rickert and Stuart Jordan and family spent Sunday evening at the home of Frank Bogdan, at Potters Mills.

Mrs. Nancy Meiss is visiting at the home of George Bitner.

Emmet and Stuart Jordan were out hunting Monday and met with good success, returning with two rabbits.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lee were guests at the home of George Bitner on Wednesday.

Mrs. Andrew Jordan and son Greely, spent Sunday at the home of Chas. Stoner, at Tusseyville.

Mrs. Mary Long was a guest at the home of Arthur Lee on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Floray and son Guy, were guests at the home of Aaron Detwiler on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Claire Stamm, of Linden Hall, were guests at the home of James Horner on Sunday.

Miss Sadie Lee was plying her needle at the home of M. F. Rossman the past week.

At the close of the hunting season J. H. Zerby, J. J. Jordan, Harry Weaver, B. Rickert, Tom Hosterman, Melvin Treaster, Tom Pane, had to their credit twenty-two rabbits, one meadow lark and one screech owl.

The Grammar school was closed Monday on account of Miss Florida Duck being called home owing to the illness of her father, Mr. B. Duck, of near Spring Mills.

Nittany Mountain.

Houser Bros. have discontinued sawing shingles.

Mrs. G. W. Lonberger killed some fine hogs Tuesday.

David Rossman lost one of his fat hogs; the cause of its death is not known.

James Calahan met with an accident at McNitt Bros. & Co. Stave mill, which laid him up for repairs several days.

A new baby boy came to the home of G. P. Thomas several days ago; the mother is not doing as well as could be wished for.

Mrs. John Houser, an aged lady, is in very poor health.

J. A. Hoover, the wash machine agent, butchered on Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Horner contemplates buying a home for herself; wish her success.

It is said the stork brought a new baby to a house in Black Hawk.

Mrs. J. B. Sprow returned home last week from a visit to her brother, Wm. Horner, and Mrs. James Fread, sister of J. B. Sprow, of Lewistown.

George W. Noll went to Winburn last week, his place of work, having recovered from his sickness under the treatment of Dr. Emerick.

Boalsburg.

Miss Sadie Meyers left last week for Elk county, where she intends to become a seamstress.

William Woods, of Pittsburg, is visiting his mother, Mrs. M. A. Woods.

Daniel Keller, one of our oldest citizens, made a business trip to the county seat last Monday.

Mr. Slagle, a horse buyer, from Washington, D. C., purchased quite a few horses in this community.

Miss Bertha Armstrong, of Potters Mills, is at present sewing for Miss Esther Kaup. By the look of things, one more of the fair damsels will soon be lost.

Messrs. Wm. and Thomas Young have secured good positions with the P. R. R. Co., at Altoona.

Wm. Stuart, of State College, spent last Sunday at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Emma Stuart.

Michael Segner and wife spent Monday with friends at State College.

Henry Sents, from the Branch, was in town Saturday and purchased a sleigh from the hustling coach-maker, J. M. Wieland.

Stuarts' sale will be held Saturday, 27th inst., at which time household goods, etc. will be sold.

Useful Gifts.

Suits and Overcoats for Man, Boy or Child.
Hats, Caps.
Toboggans, Tams.
Underwear, Night Robes.
Pajamas.
Suit Cases, Trunks, Valises.
Shirts—White and Fancy.
Neckwear, Mufflers.
Collars and Cuffs.
Pulse Warmers, Ear Muffs.
Sweaters, Way Mufflets.
Gloves—Kid and Mocha.
Wool Gloves and Mittens.
Ladies' Golf Gloves.
Ladies' Hosiery.
Ladies' Gloves.
Umbrellas, Handkerchiefs.
Suspenders.
Rain or Shine Coats.

Montgomery & Company. Bellefonte.

Christmas Goods . . . .

"Yes, here is the place we have been looking for. Look at the Christmas gifts! Here we can get something that will please our friends, and they can get what will please us! So here we will buy."

This is what we hear our customers say when they come and see our goods, so be sure to come before the best selections are all made.

We have a very nice line of candies of all assortments for Christmas. It is not the low priced candy we are calling your attention to, but the good candy we are selling at a low price. Don't think you are getting goods that are "no good" for anybody, but the best to be had.

Remember while you are buying your Christmas goods we have a full line of winter goods that are just in season at present. Underwear for men, women and children. Footwear of all description. Hats, Caps, Fascinators, Hoods, Kerchiefs, fancy and plain, Rubber and Leather goods, Outings, Flannels, Blankets, both bed and horse, Duck coats, at all prices, also lots of other things we will have to offer you when you come.

We are at the proper place, Centre Hall station.

J. Frank Smith.

ATTORNEYS.

J. H. ORVIS C. M. BOWER E. L. ORVIS
ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS
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Office in Crider's Exchange building on second floor. jy00

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No. 24 Temple Court. All manner of legal business promptly attended to. jy00

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All kinds of legal business attended to promptly Special attention given to collections. Office, 2d floor Crider's Exchange. jy00

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Collections and all legal business attended to promptly. Consultations German and English. Office in Exchange Building. jy00

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Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office, Crider's Exchange Building. jy00

G. L. OWENS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
TYRONE, PA.
Our Specialty: Collections and Reports.
References on request. Nearby towns represented:—Bellwood, Altoona, Hollidaysburg and Huntingdon. 27sep 00

Centre Hall Hotel

CENTRE HALL, PA.
JAMES W. RUNKLE, Prop.
Newly equipped. Bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders given special attention. Healthy locality. Beautiful scenery. Within three miles of Penns Cave, a most beautiful subterranean cavern; entrance by a boat. Well located for hunting and fishing.
Heated throughout. Free carriage to all trains.

Hotel Haag

BELLEFONTE, PA.
F. A. NEWCOMER, Prop.
Heated throughout. Fine Stabling.
RATES, $1.00 PER DAY.
Special preparations for Jurors, Witnesses, and any persons coming to town on special occasions. Regular boarders well cared for.

Spring Mills Hotel

SPRING MILLS, PA.
GEORGE C. KING, Prop.
First-class accommodations at all times for both man and beast. Free bus to and from all trains. Excellent Livery attached. Table board first-class. The best liquors and wines at the bar.

Old Fort Hotel

ISAAC SHAWVER, Proprietor.
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.
RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

Early Christmas Opening
Wednesday, December 2.

PROCLAMATION!

Frigid Zone
Nov. 27, 1902.

I, the Original and Only Santa Claus, God-Father of the Little Chaps, hereby make proclamation:—

I have appointed Mr. Edwin F. Garman, of 32 Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa., as my special agent in your city to sell all the Skates, Dolls, Toys, Games, etc., which I have been gathering for you for the past twelve months. I have also ordered and commanded Garman to make known to you that I will be with you early Christmas morning, dressed in my best and richest clothes, and will give to all good children those nice Christmas candies and presents which I have so carefully put up: so you will surely find me. I want you all to be good. Remember, I am the original old Santa Claus; I will come down all the way from the North Pole in my especial sleigh, drawn by my pet reindeer.

{SEAL} Given on the 27th day of November, in the 1902nd year of my glorious reign in the Frigid Zone.

SANTA CLAUS.

GARMAN'S STORE.
His Agent, Bellefonte, Pa.

COUGHS AND COLDS IN CHILDREN.

Recommendation of a Well Known Chicago Physician.

I use and prescribe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for almost all obstinate, constricted coughs, with direct results. I prescribe it to children of all ages. Am glad to recommend it to all in need and seeking relief from colds and coughs and bronchial afflictions. It is non-narcotic and safe in the hands of the most unprofessional. A universal panacea for all mankind. MRS. MARY R. MELENDY, M. D., Ph. D., Chicago, Ill. This remedy is for sale by J. F. Smith, H. F. Rossman, J. B. Fisher's Sons.

See Grant Hoover before you insure.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table in effect May 25, '02.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON EASTWARD.

7.37 a. m.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 12.10 p. m., New York 2.13 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.55 a. m.—Train 30 Daily for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton and intermediate stations. Week days for Pottsville, Harrisburg, and Potteville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

2.23 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.25 p. m., New York 9.20 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.54 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p. m., New York 2.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m., Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 p. m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m. New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.50 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

2.3 a. m.—Train 4 daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and points east and south, arriving at Philadelphia 7.22 a. m., New York 9.33 a. m., (10.38 a. m. Sundays,) Baltimore 7.15 a. m., Washington 8.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5.33 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p. m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.27 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.00 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 p. m.—Train 921 Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week days.

Westward.			STATIONS.	Eastward.	
P M	A.M.			A M	P M
1 38		5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 55
1 45		6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 42
1 53		6 38	Biehl	8 58	4 36
1 57		6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 31
2 05		6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 24
2 16		7 02	Millmont	8 33	4 13
2 23		7 07	Glen Iron	8 26	4 06
2 51		7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 41
3 02		7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08		7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17		8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23		8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30		8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35		8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 56
3 42		8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46		8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50		8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54		8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03		8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06		8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10		9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 7.25 a. m., 9.45 a m, 1.15 5.15 and 7.50 p. m. returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.30 a. m, 10.08 a. m. 5.00 5.32 p m, and 8.07 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.26 and 10.01 a m and 4.55 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.28 a. m., 10.08 a.m. and 4.57 p. m

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager
J. K WOOD General Passenger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Down			June 23, 1900	Read Up.		
No. 1	No 3	No 5		No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p. m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar	p.m.	p.m	a.m.
†7 00	12 40	†6 45	BELLEF'NTE	9 25	5 15	9 35
7 11	2 51	6 56	Nigh	9 12	5 02	9 22
7 16	2 56	7 01	Zion	9 06	4 56	9 16
7 23	3 03	7 07	Hecla Park	9 00	4 50	9 10
7 25	3 05	7 09	Dunkles	8 58	4 48	9 07
7 29	3 09	7 13	HUBLERSB'G	8 54	4 44	9 03
7 32	3 13	7 17	Snydertown	8 50	4 40	8 59
7 35	3 15	7 19	Nittany	8 47	4 37	8 56
7 37	3 17	7 21	Huston	8 44	4 34	8 53
7 41	3 21	7 25	LAMAR	8 41	4 31	8 50
7 43	3 23	7 27	Clintondale	8 38	4 28	8 47
7 47	3 27	7 31	Krider's S'n g.	8 33	4 23	8 43
7 51	3 31	7 35	Mackeyville	8 28	4 18	8 38
7 57	3 37	7 41	Cedar Springs	8 22	4 12	8 32
8 00	3 40	7 44	Salona	8 20	4 10	8 30
8 05	3 45	7 50	MILL HALL	†8 15	†4 05	†8 25
11 45	8 40		Jersey Shore	3 2	7 40	
12 20	9 10	Arr.	Wm'PO'T Lve	†2 50	†7 10	
†12 29	11 30	Lve	Wm'PO'T Arr.	2 30		
			(Philad & Reading Ry.)			
7 30	6 50		PHILA	†8 36	11 56	
10 40	9 02		NEW YORK	†4 25	7 30	
			(Via Philad.)			
10 40			Ar New York Lv	4 00		
			(Via Tamaqua)			
P. M.	P. M.					

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD		
12½	8½	2½	STATIONS.	1½	7½	11½
PM	PM	AM	Ar, Lv.	A M	AM	PM
6 30	1 10	8 45	Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40	Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37	Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 35	Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 05	12 48	8 31	Hunters	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28	Fillmore	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	Brialy	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8	Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 03
5 33	12 24	8 04	Struble	7 20	11 24	5 00
5 31	12 22	8 02	Inn	7 28	11 28	5 04
5 30	12 20	8 00	State College	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

†Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Acetylene Gas - - -
will light your
Homes
Churches
Stores
Offices
cheaper than Coal Oil by using the . . . . . .

Martindale Acetylene Generator.

For further information and reference address—

J. S. ROWE, Centre Hall.

Representing—
KINNER MAN'F'G Co., Warren, Pa.

Jurors for January Court.

Those who will serve as jurors for the January term of court have been drawn from the wheel as follows. The session begins Monday, January 26th.

GRAND JURORS.

F. H. Gerrity, foreman, Bellefonte.
P. E Gutelius, dentist, Millheim.
James Stevens, laborer, State College Boro.
George F. Stevenson, farmer, Patton.
John Carson, laborer, Spring.
Bruce W Ripka, teacher, Potter.
Sanford D. White, farmer, Taylor.
C. H. Esse, druggist, Millesburg.
E. Z. Confer, farmer, Boggs.
J. Albert Walton, clerk, Philipsburg.
Clement Dale, farmer, College Twp.
Vinton Beckwith, justice, Taylor.
George W. Keichline, farmer, Ferguson.
A. V. Smith, clerk, Bellefonte.
John H. Jacobs, agent, Harris.
J. D. McKinley, laborer, Milesburg.
Robert Musser, tinner, Philipsburg.
Howard A. Ocker, laborer, Haines.
Samuel B. Parker, blacksmith, Philipsburg.
George Stover, carpenter, Haines.
A. Stine Walker, farmer, Ferguson.
A. M. Harter, lumberman, Penn.
Christ Reese Sr., farmer, Worth.
James M. Grove, College Twp.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK

Christ Decker, farmer, Walker.
J. A. Way, surveyor, Half Moon.
O. E. Heckman, laborer, Ferguson.
William A. Curry, shoemaker, Potter.
N. B. Shaffer, farmer, Potter.
T. M. Barnhart, laborer, Spring.
William Stover, carpenter, Harris.
George Stover, laborer, Miles.
Daniel Daup, farmer, Potter.
M. L. Altenderfer, clerk, Bellefonte.
Charles Whitehall, farmer, College.
Perry Aikens, wheelwright, Boggs.
C. W. Fisher, merchant, Gregg.
J. W. Hartsock, farmer, Patton.
M. S. Graham, barber, Bellefonte.
T. C. Van Tries, physician, Bellefonte.
Charles W. Wolf, farmer, Haines.
William Yarnell, laborer, Patton.
S. S. Grieb, gentleman, State College.
J. Richard Lutz, carpenter, Bellefonte.
John R. McCord, laborer, Rush.
John Walk, carpenter, S. Philipsburg.
Samuel Kreamer, merchant, Centre Hall.
C. U. Hoffer, bookkeeper, Philipsburg.
Harry Royer, farmer, Miles.
Joseph Tressler, farmer, Spring.
D. E. Shultz, furnaceman, Boggs.
J. Benner Graham, shoemaker, Bellefonte.
Joseph Mingle laborer. State College.
D. A. Detrick, R. R. Agent, Walker.
George W. McGaffey, banker, Philipsburg.
David G. Fortney, farmer, Potter.
Benjamin Wingart, farmer, Potter.
Joseph Emerick, farmer, Walker.
Adam Gingher, laborer, Boggs.
J. K. Meyer, miller, Miles.
Elmer Shangraw, engineer, Snow Shoe.
John I. Williams, carpenter, College.
James Kimport, farmer, Harris.
Wilson Cole, blacksmith, Miles.
W. A. Neese, farmer, Gregg.
J J. Stine, blacksmith, Walker.
George Horner, teamster, Spring.
John Haines, laborer, Haines.
W. E. Confer, barber, Howard.
J. L. Walkey, optician, Walker.
D. K. Kustenborder, Vet. surgeon, Ferguson.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

W. T. Winklebleck, teacher, Haines.
Thomas Hosterman, postmaster, Penn.
Henry Krebs, carpenter, Ferguson.
D. W. Heaton, farmer, Huston.
T. E Griest, merchant, Unionville.
W. H. Bloom, farmer, Ferguson.
J. B. Schenck, laborer, Snow Shoe.
E. A. Bower, merchant, Haines
D. J. Meyer, gentleman, Centre Hall.
J. B. Lucas, mechanic, Potter.
William M. Daley, laborer. Bellefonte.
R. D. Bierly, carpenter, Miles.
John A. Hoy, merchant, Patton.
William Quick, farmer, Snow Shoe.
James I. McClure, saddler, Bellefonte
William I. Brower farmer, Union.
Henry T. Tibbens, gentleman, Bellefonte.
Samuel Aley, shoemaker, Marion.
Henry Kelley, coal operator, Snow Shoe.
Frank Wythe, painter, Philipsburg.
M. Frank Hazel, farmer, Spring.
James Waddle, farmer, Patton.
Frank Welliver, machinist, Philipsburg.
W. A. Sickle, druggist, Snow Shoe.
John Noll. farmer, Spring.
W. C. Kreamer, farmer, Boggs.
Rudolph Pletcher, weaver, Howard
A. D. Lucas, farmer, Curtin.
George R. Quick, farmer, Snow Shoe.
Harry Kern, laborer, Bellefonte.
R. D. Dougherty, warden, Bernside.
John Heaton, laborer, Liberty.
John E. Yeager, farmer, Curtin.
Edward Shope, foreman, Howard,
Miles E. Osmer, painter, Spring.
Thomas Faxon, engineer, Bellefonte.
Calvin Meyer, laborer, Gregg.
W. M. Dreibelbis, laborer, Benner.
John D. Gill, manufacturer, Rush.
William R. Brachbill, merchant, Bellefonte.

The Christmas advertisements crowded from the Reporter columns a number of news articles that should have appeared this week.

McClure's Magazine.

The History by Miss Ida M. Tarbell which began in the November McClure's is the "Great Story of Standard Oil."

"Miss Tarbell's work is of unequalled importance as a 'document, of the day. Her story has live men in it; they suffer and work and win and lose their battles with the verisimilitude that removes the tale from the dry statement and clothes it with the color of human interest and the vivid rainbow garment of human sympathy. *** The results of her work are likely to be far-reaching; she is writing unfinished history." Boston Globe.

"An absorbing and illuminating contribution to the trust question." Chicago Inter-Ocean.

"The most important announcement made by any magazine." N. Y. Journal.

For other great features of 1903 send for prospectus.

10 cents a copy, $1.00 a year. Send us the dollar, at 145 East 25th Street, New York, or subscribe through your dealer. S. S. McCLURE Co.

A Good Cough Medicine.

[From the Gazette, Toowoomba, Australia.]

I find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is an excellent medicine. I have been suffering from a severe cough for the last two months, and it has effected a cure. I have great pleasure in recommending it.—W. C. WOCKNER. This is the opinion of one of our oldest and most respected residents, and has been voluntarily given in good faith that others may try the remedy and be benefitted as was Mr. Wockner. This remedy is sold by J. F. Smith, H. F. Rossman and J. B. Fisher's Sons.

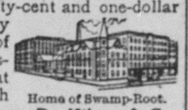
The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Philadelphia Thronged With Christmas Shoppers.

Wednesdays and Saturdays, which are known as matinee days by the Philadelphia shoppers, are not always the days which shoppers can select for their trips to the city, and for this very reason the new home of continuance performance which Mr. Keith has erected on Chestnut Street, between Eleventh and Twelfth, right in the heart of the shopping district, at a cost of over a million dollars, holds out peculiar inducements to this class of visitors. Every day is matinee day at Keith's and every day the performance is continuous from 12:30 noon to 10:30 p. m.

The theatre is new, the location is new, and shoppers have not yet become thoroughly acquainted with the many advantages that this temple of amusement offers. On the orchestra floor there are three rooms set aside for the exclusive use of lady patrons. Expert maids are in charge and at the service of patrons without fee. In these daintily appointed boudoirs and retiring rooms can be found everything necessary for mylady's toilet—a myriad of mirrors, from the small hand glass to the stately pier mirror; powder puffs, atomizers, hairpins, toilet water, perfume—and last, but not by any means least, a complete little drug store.

A New Remedy.

The old friends of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will be pleased to know that the manufacturers of that preparation have gotten out a new remedy called Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, and that it is meeting with much success in the treatment of constipation, biliousness, sick headache, impaired digestion and like disorders. These Tablets are easier to take and more pleasant in effect than pills, then they not only move the bowels, but improve the appetite and correct any disorders of the stomach and liver. For sale by J. F. Smith, H. F Rossman, J. B. Fisher's Sons.

Tourist Rates via the Seaboard.

Winter Tourist Tickets are now on sale at greatly reduced rates, via the Seaboard Air Line Railway, to all points in Florida, also to Cuba and Nassau, as well as to Pinehurst, Camden and the leading Southern Winter Resorts.

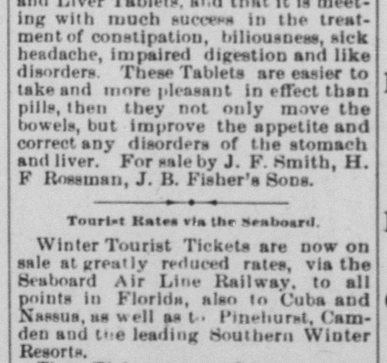
These Tickets are good for stop-over, either going or coming, until the end of the Winter Season.

The Seaboard is the short route from the North and East to Florida and the South Atlantic States.

For further information and Book of Winter Tours, apply to Agents of the Seaboard Air Line Railway and those of connecting lines. Also, for "The Land of Manatee," about a region on the west coast of southern Florida, in three booklets: No. 1, Historical and Descriptive; No. 2, For Gardener and Fruit Grower; No. 3, For Tourist and Sportsman. Ask or send for the one you want.

C. B. RYAN, G. P. A.,
20nov5t Portsmouth, Va.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.



H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN,
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite. Don't fail to get my prices.

A Farmer or His Son

or a townsman will be hired by us at $60 MONTHLY and expenses, or 30 per cent. commission to take orders for our Farm Seeds, Fruits and Flowers. We sell four grades of fruits, so any competition can be met. Our stock warranted. You do not deliver or collect. Can devote all or part time. We pay you each week. Good chance to earn money this winter. Write for free outfit at once.

Perry Nursery Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Christmas Games FREE

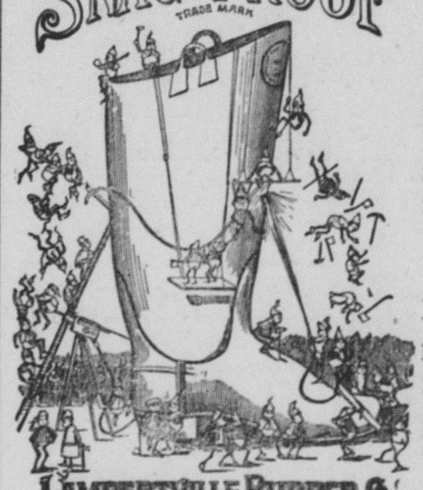
In each pound package of

Lion Coffee

from now until Christmas will be found a free game, amusing and instructive—50 different kinds.

Get Lion Coffee and a Free Game at Your Grocers.

"SNAG-PROOF" TRADE MARK



LAMBERTVILLE RUBBER Co.
LAMBERTVILLE, N. J.

Why not buy a sensible Holiday Present

Buy a Pair of Fancy Slippers, Rubbers, Boots or Shoes. A fine line of these goods bought especially for the Holieay Trade.

Come to see our stock before you make your Holiday Purchases. The prices are an object.

Spring Mills, Pa.
P. V. S. STORE.

Goods exchanged for Produce. . . .
C. A. KRAPE.

HOLIDAY! GOODS

Chinaware

We have a line of Glassware that will suit anyone.

Ladies' Golf Gloves, Kid Mittens, Men's Fine Suspenders—in separate boxes, Way Mufflets from 25 to 50c.

Ladies' Waist Patterns—one of each pattern only.

Cheap and expensive Handkerchiefs for all. Many goods suitable for presents for your friends.

H. F. ROSSMAN, Spring Mills.

The Holidays are here.

OUR Holiday Goods . . .

are also here.

We carry a general Line of goods At all times.

Call to see us
Produce Wanted

C. J. FINKLE
Spring Mills, Pa.

A. J. Snell wanted to attend a party, but was afraid to do so on account of pains in his stomach, which he feared would grow worse. He says, "I was telling my troubles to a lady friend, who said: 'Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy will put you in condition for the party.' I bought a bottle and take pleasure in stating that two doses cured me and enabled me to have a good time at the party." Mr. Snell is a resident of Summer Hill, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by J. F. Smith, H. F. Rossman, J. B. Fisher's Sons.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAmentary on the estate of Susan Coldren, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
WM. FEALER,
20nov Executor, Spring Mills, Pa.

REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.
Farm and woodland, well located, 160 acres, about 72 acres in good state of cultivation with running water in each field; about 375 fruit trees on property. New 9 room house with hard wood finish and 30 ft. porch. This property is in good condition; new out buildings, large bank barn, running water in each field, with well and running water at the house.

ALSO.

BRICK DWELLING located in the village of Spring Mills, 10 rooms; well finished with hard wood; property all built within four years. Stable and out buildings.

ALSO.

FRAME DWELLING located in the village of Spring Mills, 8 rooms.

ALSO.

FRAME DWELLING located in the village of Spring Mills, 5 rooms.

Terms of sale of above property will be made to suit purchaser, prefer having part investment remain in properties. Correspondence solicited, and will at any time, by due notice, arrange to have these properties shown to any one wishing to purchase property. After Jan. 1st, 1903 these properties will not be for sale.
C. P. LONG, Spring Mills, Pa.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers at private sale a splendid home opposite the Lamar railroad station, on the Central Railroad of Penn. The dwelling house has eleven rooms and is new, well finished and conveniently arranged, and is admirably located for a club or summer boarding house, being convenient to a fine stream of water and hunting ground.

Also coal yard and tressel and an established business in coal.

Good water and fruit on the premises.

For further particulars address
JOHN SMITH,
Lamar, Pa.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned that my wife, Lucy Breon, left my bed and board, without cause or provocation, and that no bills contracted by her, for board, clothing, shelter, or any purpose whatever, will be paid by me; and this shall be sufficient notice.
JACOB B. BREON.

STRAY.—
Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Boalsburg, on or about the first of October last, one red heifer, supposed to be about one and a half years old, with no marks;—is not dehorned. The owner is requested to come, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of as the law directs.
LEONIDAS MOTHERSBAUGH.

LOST—A red heifer, aged about eighteen months, has horns, and hog ring in one ear. The same strayed from the premises of the undersigned during the first part of November, or thereabouts. NEWTON YARNELL,
Linden Hall, Pa.

HOUSE AND LOT AT PRIVATE SALE.—A house and lot, at Centre Hill. The property contains five acres, and upon which is erected a good dwelling house, stable and outbuildings; also two gardens and fruit trees. It is a very desirable home.
29nov6t MRS. W. W. ROYER, Centre Hill, Pa.

TAX NOTICE.—
The undersigned, tax collector of Potter township will call on the taxables in his district between this and the middle of January, and requests all persons in arrears to be ready for settlement. A. P. Hosterman.
December 10, 1902.

CAUTION.—
All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing hay, straw, fodder, implements, etc., or receiving from my premises any such feeds, etc., or purchasing the grain in the ground on the farm occupied by J C. Runkle, during the past two years, as all such property is owned by the undersigned. J. C. DALE.
Centre Hall, Pa., December 9, 1902.

NOTICE OF INVALIDITY OF A NOTE.—
All persons are hereby notified of the invalidity of a certain note given by me dated November, 1902, and made payable to A. L. Lingle, in the sum of one hundred and seventy-five dollars. A payment of one hundred dollars has been made on the note, leaving a balance of seventy-five dollars, which sum I refuse to pay unless compelled to do so by law, as I have not received value for said note. A. C. CONFER.
Beech, Pa., December 9, 1902.

DR. SMITH'S SALVE for chilblains, etc. Sent by mail for 25 cents. The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa.

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A fine full line of . . .
LADIES' & MISSES' SHOES.
A Complete line . . . .
MEN'S AND BOYS' SHOES.
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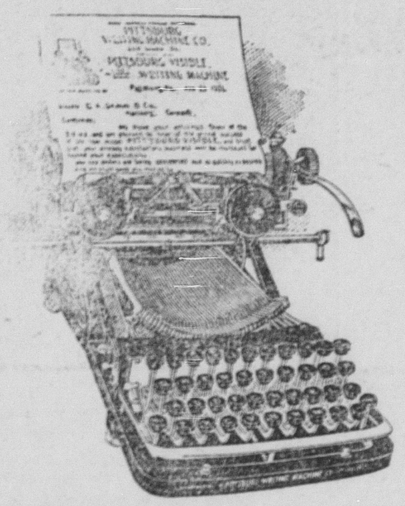
FINE LINE OF CARPETS.

Kreamer & Son, Centre Hall, Pa.

Pittsburg Visible Typewriter



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The writing is in Plain View of the Operator all the time.
Simplest and strongest construction, rapid action, easy touch, and adapted to all kinds of work.

Best for tabulating and invoice work.
Universal keyboard.
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Instantly cleaned.
Treble the life of any other machine for good, clean work.

Machines sold on easy payments to parties who can furnish good reference. Send for Catalogue.

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208 Wood Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

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Making up a Stock of Furniture to suit all tases is no small task, but I have succeded. The popularity of my store as a destributing center of—

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Furniture never diminishes. The satisfaction expressed by those who have bought here is gratifying to us, and an additional recommendation to intending purchasers. I am anxious to secure your Furniture Trade, I don't disguise the fact at all, and I am willing to make an extra effort to have you pleased.

I am absolutely positive of my ability to save you money.

Special attention given to the direction of funerals—the most approved embalming methods employed.

MILLHEIM, PA.
COMMERCIAL and BELL TELEPHONES. S. M. CAMPBELL.

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The lamp that doesn't flare up or smoke, or cause you to use bad language; the lamp that looks good when you get it and stays good; the lamp that you never willingly part with, once you have it; that's

The New Rochester.

Other lamps may be offered you as "just as good"—they may be, in some respects, but for all around goodness, there's only one. *The New Rochester.* To make sure the lamp offered you is genuine, look for the name on it; every lamp has it. (300 Varieties.)

Old Lamps Made New.

We can fill every lamp want. No matter whether you want a new lamp or *stove,* an old one repaired or refinished, a vase mounted or other make of lamp transformed into a New Rochester, we can do it. Let us send you literature on the subject.

We are SPECIALISTS in the treatment of diseases of Lamps. Consultation FREE.

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Two Properties for Sale.

The undersigned offers at private sale two properties—one at Farmers Mills, containing two acres, and one at Potters Mills containing seven acres. House and stable on both. For further information apply to

M. L. RISHEL, Farmers Mills.

CANTIQUE DE NOEL.

O holy night! the stars are brightly shining;
It is the night of our dear Saviour's birth!
Long lay the world in sin and error pining,
Till He appeared, and the soul felt its worth.
A thrill of hope the weary world rejoices,
For yonder breaks a new and glorious morn!
Fall on your knees! Oh hear the angel voices!

O night divine! O night when Christ was born!
Truly He taught us to love one another;
His law is love, and His Gospel is peace;
Chains shall He break, for the slave is our brother,
And in His name all oppression shall cease.
Sweet hymn of joy in grateful chorus raise we,
Let all within us praise His holy name,
Christ is the Lord! then ever, ever praise we;
His power and glory evermore proclaim!

CALM ON THE LIST'NING EAR OF NIGHT.

Calm on the list'ning ear of night,
Come Heaven's melodious strains,
Where wild Judea stretches far
Her silver mantled plains.

Celestial choirs from courts above
Shed sacred glories there;
And angels with their sparkling lyres,
Make music on the air.

"Glory to God!" the sounding akies
Loud with their anthems ring,
"Peace to the earth, good will to men,
From Heaven's eternal King!"

Light on thy hills, Jerusalem!
The Saviour now is born;
And bright on Bethlehem's joyous plains
Breaks the first Christmas morn.

Peter and the Green Men

BY FREDERICK M. SMITH

PETER sat looking out of the window wondering what he should do without a Christmas tree, for his mother had said that there was little chance of St. Nicholas coming that year, and what was the use of having a tree when there was nothing to put on it. They lived in the great Thuringian forest, near the high little village of Igelshieb. Peter's father was dead and the grandmother was ill, so that the mother had to earn bread for all, though Peter helped. In summer he hunted balsam roots like the other village folks.

And now here it was the day before Christmas, and Peter had been told that instead of thinking of a Christmas tree he must be thankful if there was enough black bread to go round. He was thankful, but he could not help wishing for a tree. He looked at the grandmother huddled by the fireside. Hilda, the baby, was playing on the floor, and his mother was making a bundle of balsam roots. This she gave to Peter. "You are to take these to the village and give them to the doctor in exchange for medicine," said she, "and be sure you hurry back, for there will be a snowfall by night."

Peter took his wooden shoes from the oven, where they had been warming, and as he put his blue stockinged feet into them the good warm wood made him smile. Then he clumped out into the road, and stood for a moment looking up at the great black fir trees all laden with twinkling snow crystals, and back into the forest he looked where the snow carpet lay white and the tree trunks cast blue weird shadows. He never ceased to regard the forest with awe and wonder, for the foxes ran in it and the wild deer hid in its depths; above all, did not his grandmother tell of the queer little Green Men who lived in the ground, and who sometimes appeared to children?

The cold suddenly brought him back to himself. He blew into his fingers, and off he went up the road to the village.

The snow was well trodden. Just as he got to the place where the road goes past the big rocks and the ever-running spring he heard somebody call "Peter!" He stopped and looked around, but never a soul did he see in all the forest. Yet he was sure he had heard a voice, a thin, small voice, and the thought that there was some one near who could see him, but whom he could not see, set his heart a-thumping with fear, so he started off again, and if he had walked fast before you can imagine that he made good time now.

"Hi! Peter!" said the voice again, and this time he saw on the hillside above him a little man beckoning. Near by were two other little men trying to drag a tree. It was a small tree, but it was too big for the little men, who were no higher than Peter's knee. All these men were old and were clothed in green.

As Peter looked at them his eyes opened very wide and his fear left him, so that when they all beckoned again he floundered toward them through the snow.

"Peter," said the spokesman, "just help us with this tree, will you? It's a Christmas tree, and we can't get it home."

Now Peter was a wise lad for his years, and he had not listened to his grandmother's tales for nothing. He knew that these were the wonderful Green Men and that it paid to be polite to them. But being a German he was cautious. "Where do you live?" asked he.

"At the bottom of the spring," said the Green Man, "but the way to get there is through this hole at the foot of the old fir."

"Well," said Peter, "if one has the luck to have a Christmas tree it's a pity that one shouldn't get it home, so I'll help."

"You push," said the Green Man, "and we'll pull. Now!"

With the three pulling and Peter pushing they managed to get the tree into the ground, though when he stopped to think of it, it was funny that so big a tree should go into so small a hole.

Peter was puffing and his shoes were full of snow, but he sat down to empty them and looked ruefully at the place where the Green Men had disappeared. Suddenly one of them popped out of the hole. "It's all right," said he; "we are able to manage. Thank you for helping us, and a merry Christmas to you."

Peter laughed. "That is as may be," said he, "but with the grandmother ill and no money in the house there is little chance for merriment."

"Cheer up," said the Green Man, "and here is a groschen for you. Now we shall see what you will make of it. Adieu."

The Green Man walked back into the hole, and Peter was left alone in the quiet forest; it seemed stiller than ever now. He looked hard at the groschen in his hand. He had heard about groschens that came from the Green Men, though he had never known anybody who had one. They were said to be very lucky, and if a man got one he was made for life, for as often as he spent it he found another in his pocket, provided that he had spent the last for some good thing.

The more Peter thought the more he believed that he had just such a groschen, and with his fingers tight around it he again set off for the village. He knew very well what he would buy first. At Herr Keibel's store was a humming top that he had long coveted. As soon as he could he did his errand at the doctor's and then turned his steps toward the store. Sure enough, there in the window lay the top, but there by its side was a Japanese doll with slanting eyes and a queer, long gown. It, like the top, cost a groschen. Peter knew that Hilda, the baby, wanted a doll. He stood on one leg and then he stood on the other. He looked at the doll and then he looked at the top. He was in two minds what to do, for he knew that his groschen might be the wonderful sort he had heard about. Should he buy the doll and risk finding another piece of money for the top, or should he buy to the top and leave the doll to chance? Finally he said to himself, "If I buy the doll and do not find another groschen I shall have to go without the top, but I should be ashamed to buy the top and then have nothing to give to Hilda, for have I not been told that at Christmas one must give to others and not think of himself?" So he made a dash for the steps, and when he came out Herr Keibel had the groschen and Peter the doll.

Every one knows that this was the right thing to do; Peter knew it, too, but when he had gone a little distance he stopped and very softly felt in his pocket. Now you think, of course, that he found another groschen immediately. Not a bit. And if you are disappointed I am afraid Peter was, too, for though he examined all his pockets he found nothing. Every now and then on the way home he tried a new search and just before he went into the house he took off his jacket and shook it, but not a glimmer of money did he see. "Well," said he, "it is plain that the groschen was not so lucky as I thought, but anyway, I'm glad I got the doll for Hilda." And with his best foot foremost into the house he went.

The room to Peter was strangely light. The mother was bustling about, and Hilda sat on the floor with a big doll in her arms, while there in the chimney corner was a great tree; candles glowed on its boughs, silver threads glittered in the candle light, and tiny balls of green and red and gold glistened among the leaves. There was a heap of nuts and cakes and apples at the bottom, and upon the heap was a humming top. Peter opened his eyes, I can tell you.

"Did you meet the man?" said his mother.

"What man?"

"Why, the forester from the castle," said she; "he drove up just a little while ago and brought in these. I was for telling him that he had made a mistake, but he said, 'This is where Peter Shuman lives, isn't it? Then this is the place to leave the tree,' and he went off. But you must have met him, for he has just gone."

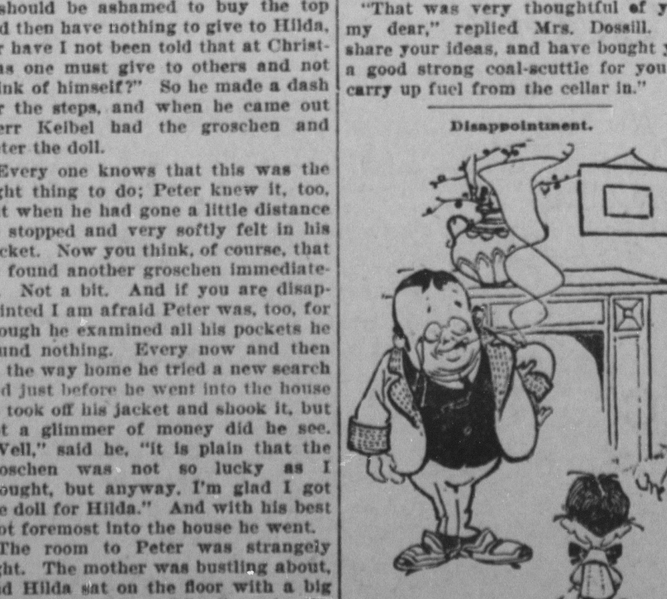
Then Peter laughed, for he knew a thing or two himself. "It was not the king's forester," said he, "but the Green Man who lives at the bottom of the spring by the big fir." Then he told his tale.

"'Tis true, 'tis true," said the grandmother; "it was the Green Man."

"Pooh!" said the mother, "it was the forester from the castle, and it was the princess who sent the things; as for the Green Man, you must have dreamed it."

"That is as it may be," said Peter, "but here is the doll that I bought with the groschen given me by the Green Man, and a lucky groschen it was, too."

Well, his mother could make no answer to that. And, besides, everybody knows that the old grandmother was right, and that the little people still live in Thuringia in the great dark forests and show themselves now and again to boys and girls who are unselfish.—Woman's Home Companion.



"PETER," SAID THE SPOKESMAN, "JUST HELP US WITH THIS TREE, WILL YOU?"

The Nativity.

CHRISTMAS MENU

Oyster soup
Celery Crackers Pickles
Bread Butter
Chicken croquettes Green peas
Roast duck Apple sauce
Boiled onions Mashed potatoes
Celery and apple salad Cheese straws
Plum pudding Mince pie
Fruit Nuts Cheese
Coffee

Those He Don't Want.

When a man says he doesn't want any Christmas presents, he means that he doesn't want any that are charged to him at the stores, or bought with his own money.—Atchison Globe.

Their Christmas Gifts.

"I thought it better to get you something useful," said Mr. Dossill to his wife, "so I have bought you a couple of good brooms for your Christmas present."

"That was very thoughtful of you, my dear," replied Mrs. Dossill. "I share your ideas, and have bought you a good strong coal-scuttle for you to carry up fuel from the cellar in."

Disappointment.

"And what did Santa bring you?"
"Ah, shucks! Only a blame indestructible wagon."—New York Journal.

WHAT CHILDREN CAN MAKE FOR CHRISTMAS

By L. O. Lennart.

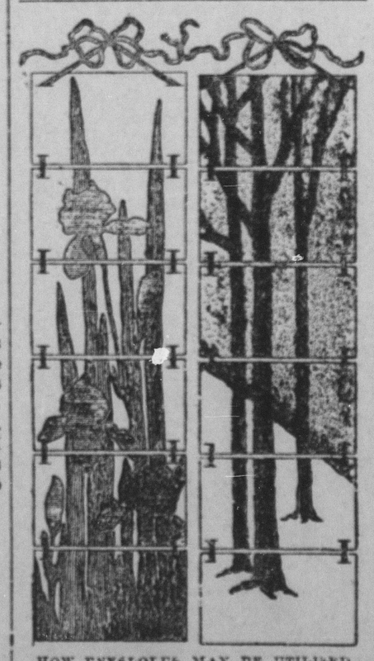
THE making of gifts that are really pretty is not always easily done. Numberless presents can be made from paper, paints, ribbons, cardboard, tacks and boards, but one must admit that ingenuity in arranging these properties counts for more than the mere selection of materials. These can be put together in such a clumsy and careless manner that they will have absolutely no pleasing quality, and then again, if proper care is taken in their arrangement they will form an article that is genuinely artistic. So almost entirely upon the ingenuity of the child, upon its cleverness in putting things together neatly, will depend the effectiveness of the following articles, though to be sure none of them are difficult to make.

SOME DAINTY BOOK-MARKS.

Since, then, the presents must be inexpensive, easily made and pretty, we will first consider a poster calendar, representing a fireplace on Christmas Eve, a present which fulfils these three requirements. To begin with, secure a piece of cardboard nine inches long by six inches wide, and cover this entirely with bright green paper. Then a short distance from the bottom of this paste a piece of red paper four inches long by three and one-half inches wide. On this latter mark off bricks with ink, and at its top paste a piece of blue, purple or gold paper for a shelf. A piece of black paper two by two and one-half inches or two by three inches pasted upon the brick-marked piece will serve to represent a fireplace. If a number of tiny stockings can be fastened to the mantel they will add much to the appearance of the calendar. A border of gilt three-eighths of an inch wide finishes off the edge, and a small calendar pasted above the fireplace completes the whole. The gilt can be bought at any art store for ten cents a pan, and is easily put on by means of water and a brush. This Christmas calendar is a present that the child can give to any member of the family, with the certainty that it will be appreciated.

Book-marks also make very neat and acceptable gifts. These can be made of water color paper or heavy writing paper decorated with designs similar to those shown in the three illustrations. Large flowers with one petal partly cut, for the purpose of catching the leaves of the book, and houses with open shutters, or barns with open doors, the shutters and doors being likewise to catch the leaves, are also very effective designs for book-marks.

Blotters are always useful gifts. Pretty covers can be made for these of water color paper decorated with ink bottles upright or overturned,



HOW ENVELOPES MAY BE UTILIZED.

pens or quills, or with tables covered with letters and papers. Or if a decoration of a different kind is desired, the designs shown for the book-marks, worked out in colors, could be taken as patterns.

Envelopes, fastened one above the other by means of narrow ribbon, can take the place of memorandum books. Six envelopes fastened together in this manner, with the names of the days in the week upon them, will prove a very useful gift to a busy society woman who can never remember all her engagements. Newspaper clippings, recipes and the like kept in these envelopes would be sure to be easily found when wanted. The manner in which these are put together, and suggestions for decorations for them, are shown in the two illustrations above. Envelopes so arranged make an article both for use and for ornament. They are intended to hang upon the wall.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

International Lesson Comments For December 21.

Subject: Christmas and its Teachings, Luke ii., 8-20—Golden Text, Luke ii., 11—Memory Verses, 10, 11—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

8. "Same country." Near by, probably not a mile from Bethlehem. "Shepherds." The employment of tending sheep had been honored in the earlier times of the Jewish people. Jacob, Moses and David were shepherds. But now it was a calling that was looked upon by the Jews with contempt. Why was the announcement made to shepherds? (1) The annunciation of His advent was not to be made to the rulers of the people, or to the priests, for these men were under the influence of worldly and selfish ambitions and could not discern spiritual things. The shepherds were humble men, "waiting for the consolation of Israel," and were in a state of mind to accept the heavenly announcement. (2) God had seen fit to appear to the weak instead of the mighty. Read 1 Cor. 1: 19-31; Psa. 8: 2. (3) God had always blessed the shepherds. He had called Moses and David away from the shepherd's crook, and now the "Son of David," the Chief Shepherd, who styled Himself the Good Shepherd, who gave His life for the sheep, is to be born in the city of David, and it seemed fitting that the shepherds should be honored with the first announcement. "In the field." They undoubtedly had tents or booths under which they dwelt. "Keeping watch—by night." Or, "keeping night watches." R. V. Mar. They watched by turns against wild beasts and robbers. The fact that the shepherds were in the fields affords no ground for concluding that the nativity could not have taken place in the winter. The average temperature at Jerusalem for five years was, in December, fifty-four degrees.

9. "Angel." Divine messenger. Angels have always taken a lively interest in the things of this world. It was an angel that appeared unto Zacharias announcing the birth of John, and to Mary with a similar mission regarding the birth of Christ. An angel appeared to Jesus in the garden, and to the disciples at the sepulcher and at the ascension. Jesus on one occasion said He could call twelve legions of angels, and we have the blessed assurance given that "He shall give His angels charge over thee, to keep thee in all thy ways. They shall bare thee up in their hands, lest thou dash thy foot against a stone." Psa. 91: 11, 12. "Came upon them." Stood over them. "Glory of the Lord." That extreme splendor in which the deity is represented as appearing to men, and sometimes called the Shechinah—an appearance frequently attended, as in this case, by a company of angels. It is likely that the angel appeared in the air at some little distance above them, and that from him the rays of the glory of the Lord shone round about them. "Sore afraid." "Terrified with the appearance of so glorious a being." There is no proof here that the shepherds were morally impure and afraid that divine justice was about to be meted out to them. Even holy men tremble when they come in contact with the supernatural.

10. "Good tidings." "The literal meaning of gospel." I am come to declare the loving kindness of the Lord. My message will cause great joy. It is a message to you (Jews) first, and it also reaches to "all the people." To the whole human race. See Gen. 12: 3; Matt. 28: 19; Luke 2: 28-32; 24: 46, 47; Col. 1: 21-23.

11. "Is born." Isa. 9: 6; John 1: 14. David's greater Son begins His earthly career in His ancestor's home. Seven hundred years before a prophet had predicted the Messiah's birth at Bethlehem. Mic. 5: 2. "This day." Unbelievers try to make an argument against the wisdom of God because He waited so long before bringing forth the Redeemer of mankind. The reply is, 1, Christ came in accordance with a long line of prophecy. This took time. Prophets must be raised up, and then hundreds of years must elapse in order to fully verify their utterances. 2, Christ came when the political factors of the world were most favorable. The whole world was practically under Roman control, and this fact was the means of bringing Christ and His followers immediately before the nations of earth. Notice the nations represented at the time of the crucifixion and at Pentecost. 3, Christ did not come until the world had done its best without Him and had made a complete moral failure. The wisdom and culture of the world were very great, and yet, morally, it was groping in awful darkness. Thus the coming of the Messiah became a necessity if the world was to be saved from moral collapse. And now, "in the fulness of time," in God's time, at just the right time, the "Desire of All Nations" appears. "A Saviour." (1) A deliverer. (2) A restorer. (3) A preserver, Matt. 1: 21. "Not, shall be a Saviour, but 'born a Saviour.'" "Christ." The anointed One. Christ is the Greek word corresponding to the Hebrew word Messiah. In ancient times prophets, priests and kings were anointed with oil when set apart to their sacred work. Christ was anointed for these holy offices, which we may share with Him by His anointing us with the Holy Ghost. Christ is sufficiently qualified to sustain these important offices. "The Lord." God, as well as man.

12. "A sign." The very thing that would have caused them to doubt was made the sign unto them.

13. "A multitude." They descended to honor the Prince of Peace. "Heavenly host." The army of angels which is represented as surrounding the throne of God.

14. "Glory—in the highest." Christ is the highest glory of God. "On earth peace." Peace to man; peace with God; peace of conscience. "Good will." God has shown His good will by sending the Messiah.

15. "Let us now go." There is no time to lose. Let us go now. This is the language of obedience desiring to receive assurance and strength by seeing for themselves this thing which is come to pass.

16. "With haste." Filled and thrilled with holy joy they could not linger. "And found." It is probable that by communicating their experiences to each other their faith was greatly strengthened.

17. "Made known abroad." As soon as they had seen the Child they began to tell the glad news to every one they met.

18. "Wondered." The story of Jesus is the most wonderful story to which human ears ever listened, and it still causes those who hear it to wonder.

19. "Pondering them." Weighing, or carefully considering them. Every circumstance was treasured up in her memory.

20. "Glorifying and praising." These simple men returned to the care of their flocks, giving glory to God for all they had seen and heard.

Coin Walks on Edge of Knife.

This very entertaining trick is done in the following way: Make a spool of three coins of different sizes, a dollar, a ten-cent piece and a half dollar, by sticking them together with a little piece of wax. By placing this spool on the edge of a knife you have solved the problem. The dollar will roll up and down the knife to the great amusement of the audience.

May Marry American Heiress.

It is said that a brother of the khedive of Egypt has fallen in love with an American heiress, who re-

BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATIONS

Of America Use Pe-ru-na For All Catarrhal Diseases.

MRS. HENRIETTA A. S. MARSH.

Woman's Benevolent Association of Chicago.

Mrs. Henrietta A. S. Marsh, President Woman's Benevolent Association, of 327 Jackson Park Terrace, Woodlawn, Chicago, Ill., says:

"I suffered with la grippe for seven weeks, and nothing helped me until I tried Peruna. I felt at once that I had at last secured the right medicine and kept steadily improving. Within three weeks I was fully restored."—Henrietta A. S. Marsh.

Independent Order of Good Templars, of Washington.

Mrs. T. W. Collins, Treasurer I. O. G. T., of Everett, Wash., has used the great catarrhal tonic, Peruna, for an aggravated case of dyspepsia. She writes:

"After having a severe attack of la grippe, I also suffered with dyspepsia. After taking Peruna I could eat my regular meals with relish, my system was built up, my health returned, and I have remained in excellent strength and vigor now for over a year."—Mrs. T. W. Collins.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Professional Tips for Reporters.

There are certain forms of expressior all reporters should carefully adhere to In rescuing drowning men, it must al ways be when they were going dowr for the third time. No case is on rec ord of a rescue when the sufferer wa going down for the first time. When a gentleman gives a bank note, it mus be "crisp." Thuds are of two de scriptions, the "dull" and the "sicken ing." Of course, every writer know: that fire is always mentioned as the "devouring flame." What "wildfire" i no one exactly knows, but when any thing spreads rapidly, remember, i "spreads like wildfire." Flags must al ways be "flung to the breeze," no mat ter whether there is any breeze or not If you can manage to get an assault, a forgery and a burglary all into one col umn, do it, for it will secure that beau tiful and well-known heading, A Car nival of Crime. Always remember that a man is "launched into eternity," not hanged a certain time. When a persor after an accident is found to be dead it is best not to say so, but that the "vital spark had fled." Speeches or the political side which your paper ad vocates should always be "ringing" speeches.

Lilacs in Autumn.

To produce lilac blossoms in autumn is a wonderful achievement, considering how peculiarly they are associated with the spring time, and the way in which it is accomplished is most curious and interesting. In a state of nature the lilac plant requires a period of rest before producing its flowers. That period is the winter, when the cold enforces repose. But it is found that the plant can be cheated into blossoming in autumn by exposing it to the fumes of ether, which put it to sleep for a little while, after which it proceeds to blossom luxuriantly. Florists grow the plants in pots, and in the fall place them, pots and all, in a large box which contains an uncorked bottle of ether. In this manner they are exposed to the ether vapor for forty-eight hours, the box being air-tight; and sometimes the operation is repeated a few days later. When they come out they are ready to start right in at blossoming and the glass gardener obtains a fine crop of lilacs for the early winter trade. The process sometimes weakens the colors of the flowers, but this does not matter in the case of lilacs, because the kind preferred by florists is the white.

Long Hair

"About a year ago my hair was coming out very fast, so I bought a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor. It stopped the falling and made my hair grow very rapidly, until now it is 45 inches in length."—Mrs. A. Boydston, Atchison, Kans.

There's another hunger than that of the stomach. Hair hunger, for instance. Hungry hair needs food, needs hair vigor—*Ayer's*. This is why we say that Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color, and makes the hair grow long and heavy. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC BEST FOR THE BOWELS 10c 25c 50c

Genuine stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

THE KEYSTONE STATE.

News Happenings of Interest Gathered From All Sources.

Pensions granted Pennsylvanians:—Charles Keenan, New Brighton, $8; Walter C. Letts, Taylor, $6; Isiah Campbell, Harold, $17; William Mingle, Sayre, $17; Daniel Ramp, Cabala, $10; Reuben Lucas, Howard, $17; Joseph Olinger, Apollo, $10; Amos W. Harper, Philipsburg, $10; William Munderff, Airy Dale, $17; John Carson, Pittsburg, $24; Henry Huff, James Creek, $12; Charles J. Estabrooks, Allis Hollow, $17; Thomas Arters, Tidioute, $17; Egbert Cook, Osceola, $12; Lewellen H. Peck, Everett, $30; George W. Ayers, Jobs Corners, $12; Nancy Stratton, Canton, $12; Wm. S. Robb, Oakdale, $6; George Anderson, West Fairview, $8; David C. Mayne, New Castle, $12; Gustave Hakman, Farmers Valley, $12; John W. Goodwin, Gaines, $10; Samuel Freeman, Ayres, Wharton, $12; George W. Gibson, Allegheny, $8; William Smith, West Pike, $10; Flora Sanders, Indian Head, $12; Lavina Beighley, Drennen, $8; Alexander Downie, Pittsburg, $6; John Henry, Pittsburg, $8; Charles E. Storrs, West Leroy, $12; Marshall Cox, Roland, $12; Joseph B. Wissinger, Stahltown, $17; John Shoup, Lucesca, $8; Ebenezer Johnston, Allegheny, $10; Samuel A. Douglass, Indiana, $12; John Lehner, Upton, $10; Charles Rawson, Germania, $17; Margaret Jordan, Franklin, $8; minor of James M. Tishue, Somerfield, $10; Mary A. Herbst, Birdville, $8; Nancy E. McKelvey, Dawson, $8; Sarah E. Eakin, Bradford, $8; Isabella Haas, Carnegie, $8.

C. M. Schwab wants to be Santa Claus to the poor of Braddock, Homestead and other Monongahela River towns where he worked in the mills for many years. His secretary, Oliver Wren, went to these towns and arranged for a distribution of cash to the poor. The sum is not mentioned, but will be substantial. It was arranged that a meeting of officers and ministers of the towns be held for the purpose of making up lists of worthy poor. Mr. Schwab is specially anxious that any former employees at the Edgar Thomson furnaces, who may be in destitute circumstances, be cared for. It was here that Mr. Schwab began his career. Secretary Wren stated that Mr. Schwab expected to be back in New York on New Year's Day or shortly afterward.

A Reading Railway express train was derailed within fifty feet of Dekalb Street Station, Norristown, and while many passengers were shaken up, but one, Robt. Welsh, required the attendance of a physician. The train due at 6.29 is one of the few that do not stop at Mill Street Station, where there is a sharp curve. The trucks of the first car, a combination smoker, left the tracks on the curve and after bouncing over the sills for nearly a hundred yards struck a crossover switch and the front trucks were jammed back to the rear and the front of the car dropped to the tracks, bumping along until the engineer stopped.

William E. Gray, a member of the Center County Bar, died at his home in Bellefonte of typhoid fever. He was 42 years old. He studied law with Hastings and Reeder, and in 1886 was admitted to the bar. He was elected Burgess of Bellefonte in 1895, serving three years, and for five consecutive years was chairman of the Republican County Committee. He was until a year ago the recognized Quay leader in Center county.

John S. Early, the 20-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Early, of West Lebanon, shot and killed himself, apparently because his mother rebuked him for using harsh language to her. His body was found in a lime kiln, and was frozen stiff.

Coxe Brothers & Co. are making preparations to open their Timlucken colliery in January. This colliery has been shut down for five years. About 1000 men and boys will be employed.

County Commissioner John J. Durkin, of Scranton, surrendered the keys of the ballot boxes to the commission appointed by Federal Judge R. W. Archbald to collect and preserve the ballots of the last election for use in the Connell-Howell congressional contest.

On account of foodstuffs and coal advancing in price, landlords in the coal region of Shamokin began a movement to raise the price of board. A call will be issued next week for a convention, when the hotel keepers will organize and arrange a new tariff of rates.

The wholesale grocery warehouse of J. L. Connell & Co., at Scranton, was destroyed by fire which started and burned for ten hours, entailing a loss of $200,000, the greatest part of which is covered by insurance. Daniel Schoonover and Thomas Grant, firemen, were seriously injured by falling bricks.

The plant at North Irwin, of the Rumbaugh Brick company was destroyed by fire, with a loss of about $15,000.

Jacob McGladdy, alias "Black Diamond," was acquitted at Beaver, on a charge of killing Alonzo Scott at Legionville on September 13.

A number of citizens of Stoneboro, Mercer county, have organized the First National bank and application has been made to the Comptroller of the Currency for a charter. The new institution will have an outhorized capital of $25,000 The directors are G. S. White, Theodore N. Houser, E. Houser, H. E. Greer and F. M. Allison.

Richard Heard, manager of the Mascagni Opera Company, was arrested at Scranton, charged with larceny by a local manager.

Judge Simonton, at Harrisburg, declared unconstitutional the act placing a tax on coal company store orders, which was passed by the last Legislature at the solicitation of the miners' union.

Mayor McCormick, of Harrisburg made charges to Councils that his predecessors in office collected "rake off" from "joints" and gamblers.

Burglars blew open the safe of the First National bank, of Freedom. The safe contained $15,000, but the burglars were compelled to flee before securing any of the money, as the noise of the explosion awakened nearby residents.

Frank H. Buhl, former president of the Sharon Steel company, will invest $1,500,000 in an irrigation scheme in Idaho involving the reclaiming of 271,000 acres of land along Snake river.

The twelfth annual meeting of the Dorset Horn Sheep Breeders' Association of America was held at Harrisburg this week.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

Bradstreet's says: "Seasonable winter weather, hitherto conspicuously lacking, has come very much into evidence this week, with the result of expanding retail trade in winter goods, rubbers and wearing apparel generally. Killing frosts have about put a period to the marvelous fall season of 1902, and in the South the cotton crop may be said to be made, so far as further growth is concerned.

All the usual seasonable changes have about come to pass. Dairy products and produce generally are higher, lake navigation is about over, iron ore shipments have ended, after the greatest movement on record, and the wheat crop has gone into winter quarters with a fair covering of snow in northern latitudes, and with a generally satisfactory condition ruling throughout much of the admittedly large acreage. Threshing is about completed in the Northwest, and farmers display more willingness to part with their products. Cold weather from now on is needed to insure the large movement of corn expected, as the result of active export and home demand.

The year's approaching end finds prices well up to the highest point in eighteen months, though meats are steadily declining on good receipts. Next to the expectations, already partly realized, that an enormous holiday business will be done, the most notable feature is the practical unanimity of opinion that a large spring trade is in prospect, ground for this being furnished by the unprecedented volume of such business already booked. The feature in foreign trade is the turn in the tide of corn exports, which have at last begun to expand after fifteen months of scarcity, high prices and trifling shipments.

Iron trade conditions are quieter. This quieting has strengthened the feeling that lower prices are to rule next year, and hence all buyers who can afford to hold off. Foreign iron still holds the balance of power in the East, but the control is not expected to continue long. Western furnaces are in better shape to do work, the breaking of the freight congestion is helping coke supplies, but this fuel is still far from plentiful.

Business failures in the United States for the week number 185, as against 182 last week and 237 in this week last year.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Flour—Spring clear, $3 25a3.45; best Patent, $4.65; choice Family, $3.90.

Wheat—New York No. 2, 77c; Philadelphia No 2, 76a76¾c; Baltimore No 2 76¼c.

Corn—New York No. 2, 63c; Philadelphia No. 2, 61a62¼; Baltimore No. 2, 56c.

Oats—New York No. 2, 36c; Philadelphia No. 2, 37½c; Baltimore No 2, 37c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $16.50a17.00; No. 2 timothy, $15.50a16.00; No. 3 timothy $13.50a15.00

Green Fruits and Vegetables—Apples per brl, fancy $1 50@2 50; fair to good per brl, 1 25c@$2 00; Cabbages, Domestic, per ton, $4.00. Celery, per doz, 20c@40c; Eggplants, native, per 100, $1 50@2 00; Grapes, basket, 10a12c Lettuce, native, per bu box, 30c@40c. Lima beans, native, per bu box, 80@90c; Onions, Maryland and Pennsylvania yellow, per bu, 60c@70c.

Potatoes, White, per bu 55a60c; Maryland and Pennsylvania, per bu 55a60c; New York, per bu 55a60; sweets, per brl 1 75a$1 85.

Butter, Separator, 29a30c; Gathered cream, 24a25c; prints, 1-lb 27a28c; Rolls, 2-lb, 26a27; Dairy pts. Md., Pa., Va., 25a26c.

Eggs, Fresh-laid eggs, per dozen, 27a28c

Cheese, Large, 60-lb, 13a13¼c; medium, 36-lb, 13a13⅜; picnics, 23-lb, 13¼a13½c.

Live Poultry, Hens, 10a11½c; old roosters, each 25a30c; Turkeys, 10½all Ducks, 11a12½

Hides, Heavy steers, association and salters, late kill, 60-lbs and up, close selection, 11½a12½c; cows and light steers 9¾a10½c.

Provisions and Hog Products.—Bulk clear rib sides, 12c; bulk shoulders, 11½c; bulk bellies, 14c; bulk ham butts, 11c; bacon clear rib sides, 13c; bacon shoulders, 12c; sugar-cured breasts, 15½c; sugar-cured shoulders, 12c; sugar-cured California hams, 10½c; hams canvased or uncanvased, 12 lbs. and over, 14c; refined lard tierces, brls and 50 lb cans, gross, 11½c; refined lard, second-hand tubs, 11¾c; refined lard, half-barrels and new tubs, 11½c.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Cattle, Mostly 10a15c lower, good to prime steers $6 00a6 65; medium $3 00a5 75; stockers and feeders $2 00a4 75; cows, $1 40a5 00; heifers $2 00a5 00; Texas-fed steers $3 00a4 25. Hogs, Mixed and butchers $5 85a6 25; good to choice, heavy $6 20a6 42; Sheep, sheep and lambs slow to lower; good to choice whethers $3 75a4 25; Western sheep $3 75a5 70.

East Liberty, Cattle steady; choice $6 00a6 20; prime $5 75a5 90. Hogs, prime heavy $6 40a6 45, mediums $6 40; heavy Yorkers $6 25a6 30. Sheep steady, Best wethers $3 75a4 00 culls and common $1 50a2 00; choice lambs $5 40a5 60.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY

Millwrights at Memphis, Tenn., have formed a union.

Canadian labor unions will agitate for free and compulsory education.

Hoboken school teachers may organize and affiliate with the American Federation of Labor.

Telluride (Col). labor unions have posted a boycott on Chinese laundries.

There are 20,000 children under 14 years working in Illinois factories, mainly in Chicago.

New York, Ohio and New Jersey all have laws preventing the night work of children.

Providence, R. I., has a union composed of Italian painters and one of Italian carpenters.

Union sawmakers at Indianapolis demand an increase of 11 per cent. on the present scale of wages.

The turn-over of 2,000 co-operative societies in Europe last year was $400,000,000. In 1893 it amounted to only $250,000,000.

THE CHILDREN ENJOY
Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is—Syrup of Figs—and for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers.
Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs.
Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits. The genuine article may be bought anywhere of all reliable druggists at fifty cents per bottle. Please to remember, the full name of the Company—
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.—is printed on the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only.

The Codfish.

There is scarcely a fish in the whole finny kingdom that is more useful to man than the cod. As an article of diet, whether fresh or salted and dried, it is a most important addition to our food supplies, and is made use of in various ways for the support of man and beast over a widely extended area.

The tongue is regarded as a delicacy, the swimming bladder furnishes isinglass almost equal to that of the sturgeon, and the liver gives us the oil which is so much recommended as a tonic and a food in all wasting complaints.

The Norwegians give cod's head mixed with marine plants to the cows to increase the yield of milk, the Icelanders give the bones to their cattle, in Kamchatka the dogs are fed on them, and in icy wastes they are frequently dried and used as fuel.

The cod is prolific enough to admit of this extensive use, for one fish will produce nine million eggs.

An Ancient Strike.

Probably the oldest strike on record is that of the bakers engaged in baking the shewbread for the Temple, which took place two years before the destruction of the building by Titus. The Temple authorities engaged a number of journeymen from Alexandria to take the place of the strikers, but the newcomers not being initiated into the secrets of the trade the demands of the Jerusalem bakers had to be conceded.

Many of us might be happy if we did not suffer from disorders of the liver. Then we ought to use Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Drops, which cure the disorders and bring the whole system to a healthy condition.

The projected railway from Khartoum to Suakim will traverse recently discovered coal fields.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The average wrecks in the Baltic Sea is one every day throughout the year.

ST. JACOBS OIL

POSITIVELY CURES

Rheumatism
Neuralgia
Backache
Headache
Feetache
All Bodily Aches
AND

CONQUERS PAIN.

In almost every school in the Mikado's empire it is the custom one day in the autumn to take the pupils out rabbit hunting.

Secret service officers raided a house in Detroit, Mich., and arrested three men on the charge of counterfeiting.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The sun gives us 36,000,000 times as much light as all the stars put together.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

Orange juice is one of the best dressings for black shoes or boots.

Carpets can be colored on the floor with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

There are only 800,000 white people in British South Africa.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The chance of two finger prints being alike is not one in 64,000,000.

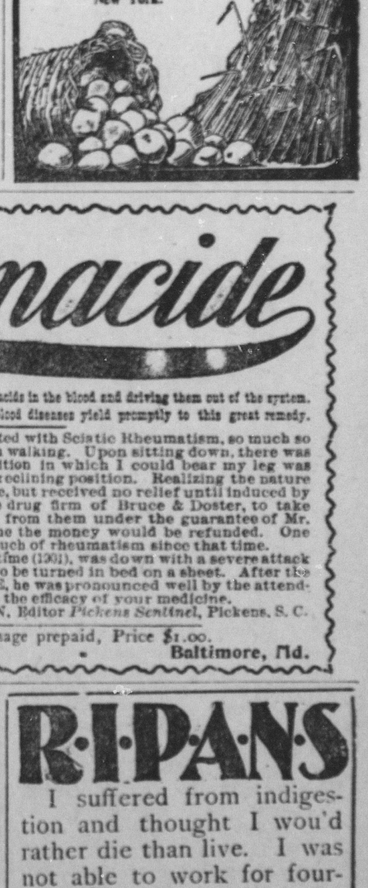
A Golden Rule of Agriculture:

Be good to your land and your crop will be good. Plenty of

Potash

in the fertilizer spells quality and quantity in the harvest. Write us and we will send you, *free*, by next mail, our money winning books.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau Street, New York.



Rheumacide

Cures Rheumatism and Sciatica by neutralizing the acids in the blood and driving them out of the system. Is far better than the best blood purifier. All blood diseases yield promptly to this great remedy.

In the fall-winter of 1900 I was afflicted with Sciatic Rheumatism, so much so that I had to use a cane to assist me in walking. Upon sitting down, there was no ease to my thigh, and the only position in which I could bear my leg was straight out in front of me, while in a reclining position. Realizing the nature of the disease, I began treatment at once, but received no relief until induced by Mr. J. T. Doster, of Greenville, of the drug firm of Bruce & Doster, to take "RHEUMACIDE." I purchased a bottle from them under the guarantee of Mr. Doster that if 3 bottles did not cure me the money would be refunded. One bottle relieved me, and I have had no touch of rheumatism since that time.

W. A. Palmer, who lived here at the time (1901), was down with a severe attack of rheumatism, and for six weeks had to be turned in bed on a sheet. After the use of several bottles of RHEUMACIDE, he was pronounced well by the attending physician, who is a great believer in the efficacy of your medicine.

Yours truly, J. L. O. THOMPSON, Editor *Pickens Sentinel*, Pickens, S. C.

All Druggists, or expressage prepaid, Price $1.00.

Bobbitt Chemical Co., - - - Baltimore, Md.

A meeting of princesses held at Cassel voted to join the newly organized Society of German Princely Women for the Promotion of Social Morality.

Capsicum Vaseline

Put up in Collapsible Tubes.

A Substitute for and Superior to Mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once and relieve headache and sciatica.

We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "It is the best of all your preparations."

Price 15 cents, at all druggists, or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail.

No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.

CHESEBROUGH MANUFACTURING CO., 17 State Street, New York City.

NEW PENSION LAWS. Act of June 27, 1902 pensions Civil War veterans 62 to 65 yrs. We will put you on list every good Comrade should under this act. Act of July 1, 1902 pensions certain soldiers who had prior confederate service, also who may be charged with desertion. No pension no fee. Advice free. For blanks and full instructions, address the W. H. Wills Pension Agency, Wills Building, 412 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Twenty years practice in Washington. Copies of the laws sent for 2 cents.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

R·I·P·A·N·S

I suffered from indigestion and thought I would rather die than live. I was not able to work for fourteen months. A friend recommended Ripans Tabules to me and I got a box. I immediately began to improve. I enjoy three good meals a day now and never felt better in my life.

At druggists.

The Five-Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

IT PAYS TO WRITE FOR CAT & SPECIAL RATES SITUATIONS SECURED FOR GRADUATES OR MONEY RETURNED WE PAY R.R. FARE

MASSEY BUSINESS COLLEGES BIRMINGHAM, ALA. RICHMOND, VA. HOUSTON, TEX. COLUMBUS, GA.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER BNUM IT PAYS

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Everybody's Shoes Are Here . . . .

Every kind of Boot and Shoe for everybody—men, women, children and the babies, and for every business, every dress and every sport and pastime use. Whether you walk or ride play golf or ball, whether you fish or hunt, dance or go a-bicycling, or whether you like to be dressed up and keep so, we have Shoes for all these uses and for all these purposes.

Our Boots and Shoes are the very best, and our prices the very least.

Agent for W. L. Douglas' $3.00 and $3.50 Shoe for Men, and Queen Quality the famous $3.00 Shoe for Women.

If you want correct Footwear, come to headquarters for it.

Mingle's Shoe Store,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Evangelical. Lemont, morning; Linden Hall, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, 10:30 a. m.

Reformed—Union, 10 a. m.; Spring Mills, 2:30 p. m.; Centre Hall, 7 p. m.

GREETINGS.

The Reporter extends to its patrons a Merry Christmas and Happy New Year. This paper has a class of readers, the like of which can scarcely be paralleled by any other journal of its kind. The Reporter readers are composed entirely of paying subscribers, and when a man or woman pays for his or her paper they are sure to lift it from the office and read it. It is because the paper has that class of readers that the advertising rate has been made higher; it attributes to its high class of paid-up readers its ability to do business when the business depends entirely upon the support of its patrons and not upon outside support; it also attributes its influence to the class of readers the paper reaches, because the people who promptly pay their subscription are the people in a community whose influence is most felt.

The Reporter has today a larger subscription list than it had a year ago and a year ago this paper had more readers who paid their subscription than at any time previous in its history, including readers of all classes.

Again: A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year.

No Paper Next Week.

There will be no paper issued from this office next week, in accordance with a time-honored custom. The office, however, will be open most of the time to receive subscriptions and do job work.

Installation of Officers.

Wilson I. Fleming, District Deputy Grand Master, Tuesday evening will install the officers of Lodge No. 537, Free and Accepted Masons. The order will banquet at the Centre Hall hotel after the ceremonies.

Wedding At Tusseyville.

The marriage of Miss Bertha Rossman and John B. Wirt, both of near Tusseyville, will take place the day before Christmas. The young couple are popular in their set. The Reporter extends congratulations in advance.

Show Tonight.

The entertainment advertised in the Grange Arcadia tonight (Thursday,) promises to be well worth the admission fee of ten and fifteen cents. The promoters are versatile commedians; all around good entertainers, and will be able to please.

Christmas Pictures.

It is time you were ordering them, and Smith's is the place to get them RIGHT. We can show you the latest styles and the finest finish. The prices are also right. Centre Hall gallery open every Friday until after the holidays.

W. W. SMITH, State College.

Experiment in Feeding Cattle.

An experiment is being conducted at the State College stock-farm to determine whether fattening cattle do better under shelter or in the open air. Two bunches of steers are being fed rations equal in quantity and kind. One bunch is protected from the weather only by wind-breaks on the northern and western sides of the yard. The other bunch is in the stable with the temperature kept at 68° F. Experiments along this line at other places tend to show that the unprotected steers do better than the sheltered ones.

Social at Boalsburg.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church of Boalsburg will hold a social at the home of Mrs. William Goheen, on New Year's evening. All are cordially invited to attend.

Christmas at Meiss's.

George Meiss, at Colyer, announces that they will celebrate Christmas in the "same old way." Candies from six cents a pound up; bananas, oranges, lemons, oysters; also a fine assortment of china and glassware.

Christmas Entertainments.

Lutheran church Saturday evening next. A service mainly by the children. Evangelical church Sunday evening. General Christmas programs. Reformed church offering for the orphans of their church.

Boar Attacks Horse.

A vicious boar, belonging to James Grove, attacked one of Gardner Grove's horses last week, and severely lacerated the flesh above the stifle joint. The ghastly wounds were stitched by veterinary surgeon Riter, and as a precautionary measure, the boar was caught and the tusks removed.

Special Sales.

John Smith & Bro. will give great reductions from now until after the holidays on side boards, chamber suits, couches, rockers, stoves and ranges. Don't miss these bargains. Our stock never has been so complete, all the latest patterns, no shop worn goods. We lead, others follow.

Directors' Association.

The Centre County School Directors' Association will hold its annual meeting in Petrikin Hall, Bellefonte, Tuesday, January 1, at 10:00 a. m. The subjects for discussion are "Rural and Township High Schools," "Consolidation of Rural Schools," "What Difficulties are Encountered in Enforcing the Compulsory School Laws."

Christmas Sale.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will hold their annual Christmas sale in their Sabbath school room, Friday afternoon and evening and Saturday afternoon, December 19th and 20th. Fancy work, games and toys for the children, passe-partout pictures and a variety of useful articles will be sold at reasonable prices. All are invited to call and examine the stock. No trouble to show goods.

License for Barbers.

The next legislature will be asked to pass a law compelling all barbers within the state to be licensed, passing before a state examining board and paying a fee before receiving the diploma to practice. According to the proposed act every person now engaged as a barber must, within thirty days after the bill's passage, make affidavit to his qualifications, and, if these are satisfactory, a certificate will be issued to him. Beginners must pass an examination and pay a fee of $5.

Institute Instructors.

County Superintendent C. L. Gramley has completed his programme for the annual Centre county teachers' institute, to be held beginning December 29. The instructors will be Dr. Wm. M. Parsons, president of the State Normal School at Terre Haute, Ind.; Professor Lincoln Hulley, of Bucknell University, Lewisburg; Professor H. A. Surface, professor of zoology at the State College, and Miss Elizabeth Lloyde, of Philadelphia. The musical director will be Professor P. H. Meyer, of Boalsburg, and the pianist Miss Bessie Dorworth, of Bellefonte. An attractive entertainment course has been arranged.

Coming Home for Christmas.

Among those who will spend Christmas at their homes in Centre Hall are Miss Eloise Schuyler, who is teaching at Sea Cliff, Long Island; Miss Kathryn Kerr, an instructor at Hanover, Pa.; Miles Arney, an instructor in the electrical engineering department, Pennsylvania State College.

Students who will spend a part or the whole of the Christmas vacation in Centre Hall, are Miss Helen Hosterman, Allentown College for Women; Hoffer Dale, Paul Murray, Claude Stahl, Pennsylvania State College; John S. Hosterman, Franklin and Marshall, Lancaster; Miss Edith Boozer, Mt. Airy School, Philadelphia; Ralph C. Boozer, Williamson School of Mechanical Arts, Philadelphia.

Exchanged Pulpits

Rev. W. P Shriner, D. D., of Bellefonte, filled the appointment of Rev. Haven in the Methodist churches at Sprucetown and Centre Hall Sunday morning and evening, respectively. The sermons were listened to by persons of various church affiliations.

Rev. Theodore W. Haven, of Spring Mills, pastor of the Penns Valley circuit, preached in the Methodist Episcopal church Bellefonte Sunday both morning and evening. The Reverend gentleman is a son of Bishop Haven and his two sermons delivered Sunday were full of beautiful and appropriate thoughts, says the Daily News. Especially profitable was his sermon in the evening, his theme being "Character Building," in which the value of a good character was set above everything else to be sought for.

Prospecting for Coal.

Henry Reitz, of near Boalsburg, is sinking a shaft with pick and shovel, on his land lying at the foot of the mountain with the hope of discovering coal, or anything that will burn. Mr. Reitz has long been of the opinion that there is coal on his land, and it is his purpose to make a thorough investigation.

Marriage Licenses.

John H. Miller, Bellefonte.
Blanche Gettig, Roland.

Charles Coplin, Philipsburg.
Rebecca M. Bowman, Cambria.

John H. Bailey, Fair Brook.
Inez M. Krebs, Pine Grove Mills.

Charles C. Workman, Mingoville.
Martha E. Thomas, Bellefonte.

James O. Lodgwell, Philadelphia.
Margaret B. Miller, Lemont.

Jeremiah Stover Dead.

Jeremiah Stover died at his home at Farmers Mills Sunday morning at the age of fifty-six years, ten months and nine days. Death was due to paralysis. Interment took place Wednesday, Rev. J. M. Rearick and Rev. Kuntz officiating. Deceased leaves a widow, one son, Clayton, his aged mother and the following brothers and sisters: A. H. Stover, Unionville; Adam Stover, Illinois; Cornelius Stover, Rebersburg; Rev. S. C. Stover, Clearfield county; Mrs. Elmira Hickons, Kansas; Mrs. Lizzie E. Rute, Union county.

LOCALS.

Some petty thieving has been done in town during the past week.

J. M. Ream, of Farmers Mills, was one of the young men who called at the Reporter office this week.

Frank D. Lee, one of the prosperous young farmers of near Bellefonte, made a trip through Penns Valley Wednesday and Thursday.

Messrs. D. J. Meyer and John J. Arney were the first to lease their farms, giving foreign capitalists the privilege of boring for oil or gas.

O. T. Corman, Spring Mills, has a fine selection of Christmas goods he is offering his customers. He is also in the market for all kinds of produce, and poultry.

Henry D. Farner, of Hazlehurst, McKean county, the other day shipped a wild cat to Landlord Runkle, who will have the animal mounted. It is a fine specimen.

At the house of Jacob S Herman, the home of the bride, James D. Longwell, Philadelphia, and Miss Margarette B. Miller, Lemont, were married by Rev. A. A. Black, Dec. 18.

The marriage of John H. Bailey, son of Commissioner-elect John G. Bailey, of Pine Grove Mills, and Miss Inez Krebs, of the same place, will take place this (Thursday) noon.

There will be a meeting of the pastors of the town at the Presbyterian Manse next Monday at 2 p. m., to arrange for the observance of the week of prayer, which begins Sunday, January 4, 1903.

The Presbyterians expect to hold a week of special service following the week of prayer, unless it should be decided to continue the Union Services beyond the week, in which case the services will be postponed to a later date. Rev. Walter F. Carson, of Milesburg, will assist the pastor.

Rev. W. M. Shultz, of Albright, West Virginia, is the guest of his father, Rev. J. F. Shultz, in this place. The junior minister is serving a Methodist Episcopal charge. This is his first visit to Centre Hall and he is rather favorably impressed with the country. He will remain until the beginning of next week.

The marriage of Miss Ella May Stover and Dr. James W. McVicar is announced to take place on the 24th instant at the home of the bride's father, Adam Q. Stover, Burlington, Michigan. Miss Stover spent some time in the east several years ago. Her father grew to manhood at Woodward, and her mother, nee Amanda Smith, was a sister of the editor. The Reporter wishes the young couple abundant success.

Klaw & Erlanger's massive and magnificent production of the famous Drury Lane Spectacle, "The Sleeping Beauty and the Beast," is now in its fourth week of prosperity at the Chestnut Street Opera House, Philadelphia. No better illustration of the present day invention of trick stage mechanism can be offered than the work of the Grigolatis Troupe of Aerialists in this glittering ballet spectacle. They actually dance in mid-air in the gorgeous ballot that confuses the eye and intoxicates the senses in "The Sleeping Beauty and the Beast," the first real Drury Lane spectacle that has ever been presented in this country, thanks to Klaw and Erlanger. The stage is a panorama of moving colors; hundreds of dancers, phalanx upon phalanx, troop down the broad stairway at the back of Prince Charming's palace and melt into the brilliant picture that spreads out behind the footlights. It is the Ballet of the Seasons. Out of the woodland scene, soft with the delicate tints of growing verdure, come a host of children typical of spring. Close behind them press increasing numbers in the vivid, deeper lines of the summer.

LOCALS.

On the hog: the butchers.

Slippery underfoot Wednesday.

Nicholas Bauer, aged seventy-seven years, died in Bellefonte Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Harry Rice, aged thirty years, died of typhoid fever in the Bellefonte hospital Wednesday morning.

The Reporter desires all its correspondents to send in their letters Monday and Tuesday, 29th and 30th inst.

C. W. Swartz, merchant of Tusseyville, was in town on business Wednesday. You will find news of interest in his advertisement in this issue.

The Grammar school was closed Monday on account of Miss Florida Duck being called home owing to the illness of her father, Mr. B. Duck, of near Spring Mills.

Mrs. James A. McClain, of Spangler, died in a New York hospital Tuesday. Interment was made in Altoona. Mr. and Mrs. McClain were residents of Bellefonte for a number of years.

Send the Reporter to your friends. A year's subscription will cost you but one dollar. A gift of that sort will be appreciated fifty times each year, and fifty times each year you will kindly be remembered for having done the deed.

The germs responsible for the spread of typhoid fever in Bellefonte were found to be in the milk sold by a local dairyman, and, of course, reached the milk through impure water. The physicians report the spread of the disease has been checked, and that all cases are improving.

In another column mention is made of the fact that W. B. Miugle, Esq., one of the progressive citizens of this place, is securing leases for oil and minerals. The fact that Mr. Mingle has interested himself in the affair is a guarantee to the average Penns Valley land-owner that a thorough test of the underlying strata will be made.

Woodward.

Miss Elizabeth Lose is spending a few days with Mrs. L. L. Weaver.

Mrs. Frank Motz returned to Mifflinburg Friday, on account of the illness of her mother, Mrs. Brubaker.

The Evangelical Sunday school will have an entertainment Christmas eve, Dec. 24th.

Wm. Walker who had been quite ill, is again able to be about.

A. Reinhart, from the west, is visiting his father, Henry Reinhart.

F. P. Guisewite and family, of Fiedler, visited at the home of Wm. Glantz on Sunday.

Aaron Aumiller made a trip to Union county last week.

Fearful of Being Buried Alive.

John M. Pursell, who died Thursday at Williamsport, was entombed Saturday in a vault of his own invention. Fearful of being buried alive, he caused to be constructed, several years ago, a sepulchre of cast iron, with chambers to admit air enough to sustain life. The doors of the compartments cannot be opened from the outside, but they may be readily unfastened from within. The vault has been thoroughly tested.

Attention Smokers.

To introduce the "El Decano" a genuine Key West Cigar, I will send to any address prepaid, on receipt of $2.00 a box of fifty cigars. This cigar is a high grade piece of goods, and this offer is for a limited time only.

"Havana Surprise" will be sent for $1.50 per hundred. This cigar is made from the clippings of high grade goods and will give entire satisfaction. Remit to WILL R. BABB, 872 Broad St. Newark, N. J.

Sale Register.

Tuesday—March 17—Samuel Durst, south of Centre Hall.

Monday, March 23—M. B. Duck, 2½ miles west of Spring Mills, a large farm stock and farm implements.

Thursday 1 p. m.—March 19—J. S. Showers, ¾ mile north of Tusseyville, farm stock and implements.

Tuesday 9 a. m.—March 24—Perry Breon, 2 miles east of Centre Hall. Large sale of farm stock and implements.

Wednesday 10 a. m.—March 18—Jacob Shearer, east of Centre Hill, farm stock and implements.

Saturday, 1 p. m.—Dec. 27—Mrs. E. E. Stuart, Boalsburg household goods of all description, sleigh, top buggy, etc.

Saturday, 1 p. m.—March 28—Mrs. M. A. Rearick, on pike near Spring Mills live stock, farm implements, household furniture, etc.

FOR RENT.—The undersigned offers his property, located one-fourth mile east of Centre Hall, for rent. Property consists of dwelling house, stable, slaughter house, meat room, ice house 16x18, two acres of ground, and good front.

M. M. CONDO

Centre Hall, Pa., Dec. 11, 1902.

Christmas Suggestions AT BUSHMAN'S

Ladie's Watch Chains
Gentlemen's Watch Chains
Silk Fobs
Set and Engraved Band Rings
Bracelets, Brooch, Pins
Cuff Buttons, Gold Pens
Silver Novelties
Silver Tea and Table Spoons
Sugar Shells, Butter Knives
Silver Knives and Forks
Cream, Gravy, Soup Ladles.

THE STAR STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

G. O. BENNER - - - PROPRIETOR.

GREETING:

The Star Store extends greetings to its many customers and friends, hopes they will be able to enjoy many more prosperous years like the one just about to close. The Star Store feels that it has contributed its share toward your prosperity in selling you good goods cheap.

At the Star Store you will find a complete line of Christmas Goods and Candies at the right prices.

THE STAR.

Special Price Offerings For the Holidays

I promised you some interesting prices on Christmas candies so here they are.

Broken stick candy and Champion mixture.

I this season make a specialty of 10ct. candies as follows: Pearl mixture, Assorted Dice, two kinds of Cocoanut Rolls, Chocolate Drops, Peanut Blocks, Small Fudge, White Caps, Eclair Chocolates, Gum Drops, Star mixture and strictly Hand Made Clear Toys, all at 10cts. per lb.

Cream Bon Bons, Assorted Taffies, Wintergreen and Peppermint Lozenges 11cts. per lb.

Sugar-coated Pop Corn 4cts. per qt.

Other fine candies up to 30cts. per lb.

Cocoanuts 6cts. a piece. Figs 10cts. per lb.

1 lb. packages of fancy Dates 7cts.

Extra fine Pea-nuts 8cts. per lb. Brazil nuts 18cts. per lb.

California soft shell Walnuts 18cts. per lb.

Oysters from now until New Year, best quality at lowest price.

C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville.

Christmas Shopping

Is no easy task. Better begin to buy your Christmas Gifts now, as you will be better satisfied and will have a better selection than if you put it off until Christmas.

New things suitable for Christmas—

CHINAWARE TOYS
HANDKERCHIEFS MUFFLERS
GLASSWARE ETC. ETC.

Come and See.

Dress Goods
Outings
Canton Flannels
Dry Goods
Underwear
Boots & Shoes

These Goods in every description at - - - - - Greatly Reduced Prices.

Umbrellas at 19c.

TEN DOZEN UMBRELLAS will be sold at nineteen cents to families who have not been supplied.

Our 5 & 10-Cent Counters are Very Complete

You will save money by dealing at the Bargain Store, Spring Mills, Pa.,

C. P. LONG.